The Morning Oregonian

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GENERAL NEWS.

Henry Ward Beecher Rebukes some Sentimental People.

PRESIDENT BILLINGS AND VILLARD'S RECENT DEAL.

All Big Operators out of the New York Stock Market—The Spring Run of Emigration Commenced—Etc., Etc., Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, March 20.—Henry Ward Beecher announced yesterday, save the Times, that revival meetings each afternoon and evening during the week would be continued, but the evening service will be prayer instead of preaching. "I desire to give notice," he continued, "that I cannot attend to secular business at the close of these week-day services, and I might as well say right here that I have sold my interest in navy yard premises in the New York custom house in New York and Brooklyn post-offices, in the treasury department, in the postoffice department, and almost every department at Washington, and a letter from me to those places will be of no use whatever. Applicants will please take notice of these transfers of property. During the sermon Beecher said that liberalism and national preaching were fixing ruffled shirts and putting cologne on men, who were rotten within. If there is one thing I consider thoroughly indecent, continued Beecher, it is the way in which criminals are cossetted and carried out of life. When a murderer is to be hanged, women send flowers to him and would kiss an ulcer for his sake. Priests run to him, and philanthropists hurry after them. He is going to die. Are not one hundred thousand persons dying all around, and there is nobody to run to them? There is no sympathy for them, but if a monster is to die for foul murder, the flood gates of sympathy are opened, and the newspapers tell how he died trusting in Jesus. Pough! What mischief that thief on the cross did. Can a man who has crept to the gallows through common sewers, at the last moment, just before the last effort to obtain pardon, suddenly blossom out into fervent religious life? I don't believe it.

Gould's Movements.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Jay Gould and family have gone to Florida for a fortnight. Yesterday his broker called in a large amount of loans.

The Big Fish out of the Market.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Graphic says: Keene and Mills are out of the market, and Vanderbilt is practically in the same position.

Rufus Hatch Again.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Times says: Rufus Hatch has begun suit as stockholder of the American Telegraph Company against that and two other telegraph companies, the Union Trust Company and trustees of the American Union individually. The relief he seeks is similar to that demanded in the case now under discussion, except that he asks that the trustees of the American Union shall be declared responsible for all loss or damage suffered by him and other stockholders in consequence of their alleged illegal acts under the agreement of consolidation.

New York Items.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Whitelaw Reid has been elected president of the Lotus club.

The Tribune says: Gen. Grant did not resign at the republican meeting to-day.

The Streets of New York.

NEW YORK, March 19.—A large meeting of the workless citizens was held to-night in Cooper Institute to protest against the unclean condition of the streets.

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W. Markey gave $25,000 to the Grant fund.

Arrival of Immigrants.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Immigrants arrived to-day, 1,155. A large number of German band are awaiting employment at Castle Garden.

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The New York Co-operative Society opened its first store yesterday at No. 7 Clinton Place. The stock taken for shares is $5,125 and this is distributed among 257 persons. It is said that the store will start with the patronage of about 150 families.

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Business Failures.

Failures reported during the past week throughout the United States and Canada, as published in Brad street, amount to 190—an increase over the preceding week of about 15 per cent.

Traitors.

NEW YORK, March 19.—In the prosecution of the keepers of the cannibal ship, the elderly lessee has been ascertained, says the Tribune, that two agents of the society for the prevention of crime were in the habit of giving notice to visits of the police so that lookers-on were crowded to defeat the ends of justice.

The Northern Pacific.

CHICAGO, March 19.—The Tribune's New York special says that Mr. Hudnut's not at all disturbed by reports that Mr. Villard has bought a majority of the stock of the Northern Pacific Railroad Co., and that he has no fears that the enterprise of which he is the head will ever be subordinate to the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co. The statement, of course is made by Billings, but the fact remains that it is believed by some Northern Pacific men that Villard has secured a majority of the stock as telegraphed to the Tribune last Saturday, and this being the case, the interest he represents will be likely to do as they see fit when the time comes.

The Coming Chicago Sangerfest.

CHICAGO, March 18.—The collections for the German sangerfest to be held here in June amount to $60,000, and there is every indication that the occasion will be noteworthy for its magnitude and success.

A Costly Building.

The count of the expense of building the new custom house and postoffice shows the amount to be $5,500,000.

Dramatic News from Chicago.

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Will J. Davis, of the Grand Opera House, opens a new theater in Rochin to-night.

It is stated that two managers of this city are very considerably discussing a plan of returning to the stock company plan, and believe that it must be done in a year or two at farthest, as the "star" system is costly and in many respects unpleasant for the actors themselves as well as the managers.

All the theaters have some fine business this week. Next week the "Danites" will be produced at Hooley's, the Rankin-Barnum's French opera at McVicker's, a spectacular production at Haverly's, Daly's "Arabian Nights" at the Grand Opera house with minstrels and variety shows at the minor houses.

The New Lyceum has had a successful first week. Hooley has engaged Jacques Kruger, the mesmerist, for next season. He is said to be getting together a comedy company.

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Railroad Statement.

MILWAUKEE, March 18.—The annual report of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will show $7,740 per cent increase in the passenger business over the preceding year, and 27.5-10 per cent increase in the freight business.

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CINCINNATI, March 19.—Whisky lower; active at $1.04.

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NEW YORK, March 19.—The North German Lloyd's steamer Donau took out 40,000 eggs of the Wisconsin landlocked salmon yesterday. They came from the U. S. salmon breeding station at Grand Lake stream, Maine, by order of U. S. Fish Commissioner S. F. Baird. They were sent to Mr. Frog Matzer, of the Forest and Stream, to be repacked for transportation in his own manner. Twenty thousand of these eggs go to the German Fishery Association, Berlin, and the remainder to the Society de Acclimation, Paris.

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WASHINGTON CITY.

Probabilities in the Extra Session Question.

THE MORMON POLICY OF THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Democratic Senators United in Opposition to Change of Officers—The Speakership of the House—Etc., Etc., Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Several republican senators among whom are Ingalls, Ben Blair, think that the republicans should stop with the committees and let the democrats hold the senate offices until December, unless an extra session should be called. The democrats are united in the demand for a fight against the proposed change of officers. Bayard, Hampton and several others who advocated a policy of general surrender, have been overruled by the voice of the caucus, and the opinion now is that the officers will not be changed until December unless an extra session of congress is called.

The Speakership—Hiscock and Kasson the Principal Candidates.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—It is generally probable that an extra session of congress will be called to organize the house of representatives. The only eastern candidate of prominence is Frank Hiscock of New York, who will be supported by the republicans of his own state, and also by Pennsylvania and New England. The west has two prominent candidates, Kasson, of Iowa, and Ainsley, of Ohio. Burrows, of Michigan, is also in the field, but has no considerable chance. The contest is generally believed to be between Hiscock and Kasson, with the prospect at present favoring the former. If it is decided to call an extra session this spring in reference to Minister Lowell at Vienna will be designated forthwith, and in anticipation of this probability a rumor is current that Minister Bingham will be transferred to Austria.

John Russell Young will be sent to Japan.

The Senate Cabinet.

The republican senators have not yet canvassed upon the subject of moving for a change in the senate officers during this special session, and several of them are inclined to favor the retention of the present officers until the 47th congress shall have assembled in both branches, and especially if that congress is likely to meet at an early day, on the idea that it would be rather "crowding the mourners" to throw the democratic officers and their subordinates out of employment so suddenly and upon such very short notice; and besides, it is argued, it would be in the power of the democrats to prevent any change in officers if they foolishly chose to from voting on any resolution providing for a change, and this would be the republican policy if they are successful. However, whether all the democratic would consent to filibuster for this purpose, and if two of them or one democrat and Mahone, Davis or Gibbs were absent the republicans would be thrown completely at sea, and the question of the control of the senate would depend upon the question whether an extra session then is or not called."

A Place for Tyner.

On the Washington special stating that Chief Assistant Postmaster General Tyner will soon be appointed to fill a vacancy on the board of appeals, Gen. Brady remarks: "Well he deserves it."

The Sec. Louis Land Postal Expenses.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—It was on the recommendation of Secretary Schurz that the St. Louis land postal expenses were ordered to be paid. He had the information in which he acted in a letter to Gen. It is believed at the land office the ring have transferred obtained titles to more than a million of acres of timber lands, and it is impossible to find out how to prosecute settlers, who therefore have no valid title to the land they occupy. Commissioner Sparks says that it rests with the governor of the territory to call out the militia to suppress the disorders, and he should be begun at once to secure titles to these lands. It is believed that whatever is determined upon it will be so arranged that the labor and land will be completed by the present session of congress. Nothing but heavy rain or very warm weather will afford speedy relief from the embargo and there would be a flood of either of these calamities.

Snow Storms at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, March 19.—A terrible snow storm raged since an early hour this morning; the worst of the season becomes of the storm being heavy with moisture and accompanied by a high wind. Were down in places and trains are certain to be blockaded.

The storm as of to-day is the worst of the entire season. A very high wind prevails and snow is very heavy. All railroad trains are blockaded, street cars lines and business generally suspended.

At St. Louis and Throughout Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, March 19.—The wildest storm of the winter prevailed here all day, with an unusually driving wind from the west, but the snow melted as fast as it fell. The streets too light are filled with slush, in some places several inches deep. Dispatches from different parts of the state say that the heaviest snow of the season has fallen since last night, especially north of the Missouri river. The average depth of 30 inches is over a foot, but in some places it is over four feet deep. Railroad travel is almost impeded and business is suffering, but no trains are reported abandoned. The snow will probably disappear in two or three days, and freshets in small streams may be expected.

Snow in Kansas and Missouri.

There was a heavy snow fall in Kansas and western Missouri yesterday and last night.

ST. LOUIS, March 19.—Considerable snow has fallen, but melted as it fell.

A Pork Diet in Maine.

[Brunswick (Me.) Telegraph.]

A gentleman and lady in the vicinity of Augusta stopped in an interior town with a widow and her two daughters. Soda bread and pork were the food, pork were the food, never a bit of meat nor a chicken killed, not an egg cooked, and never a vegetable plucked from the garden, nor milk offered in quantity to drink. Otherpartie, lodged two weeks on the seacoast in the month of August, and ate hot soda bread and fish, not once seeing a bit of fresh meat of any kind. The cooking was excellent of its kind, and the table and its appointments were as was work. We heard a gentleman say the other day that in his father's family of ten or twelve people in the country, at least 1,500 pounds of pork were consumed during the winter. That beats the record or old Judge Seward, of the last century, who lived at York, and who recorded substantially in one of his almanacs: "Put in 1,200 pounds of pork for the winter, the last amount I ever put in."

A Wonderful Poet.

[From a recent sermon by David Swing.]

Whoever will read Pierce's Farmer Speculations about duty and the future life, remembering that perhaps he was the fullest man of mind, the ripest scholar and student of any highest period of civilization, and remembering that from the birth of Cesar to the birth of Christ the only chance that came to civilization was a useless and that Jesus belonged to an extinct society applying pagan ideas from the high tides of human greatness—and then will read the sermon on the mount. I cannot comprehend how he can escape it or conceal that it is a difference in nations of degree, but of kind. That Jesus, surrounded as he was, could have promulgated a system of morals embodying all that is most valuable in the poor life of the world, and to obtain nineteen centuries of civilization have been unable to behold a thought or impart an ornament, is a fact not to be explained by any ridicule.

Very Full Praise.

[From the Chicago Times.]

On the whole, the initial deliverance of President Garfield is the freshest, frankest and most healthful in its tone of any presidential deliverance the public has read in a very long time. It is the deliverance of a man who not only has ideas, but has them thoroughly in hand.

Appointments.

All order was issued by the war department to day detailing Col. T. A. Rockwell as superintendent of the Washington monument, vice Gen. Casey, deceased. Lieut. Col. Wilcox as the aide-de-camp on the staff of Maj. Gen. Meigs as far as practicable. I believe I men say that there will undoubtedly be great desires if the storm continues much longer as it is of the most danger ous character of any that is known.

More of the Storm at Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Advices in the streets have gone from bad to worse on account of the storm. In all present the snow which has been falling rapidly since 7:30 this morning is two feet deep in some places, and still coming down heavily, and with probably also falling rapidly. The result of to-day's storm is from six to eight inches of exceedingly compact snow, which is so solid that pedestrians can walk on it without perceptibly sinking. The thermometer has been very mild, but a trifle above the freezing point all day, and is now slowly rising. Many trains arrived very closely on time, the Milwaukee road being the only one to suffer. All freight trains are abandoned. The Northwestern road sent out only one train to Milwaukee, and at others except to the suburbs. The C., R. I. & Q. train got into Council. The Alton train arrived in four hours. Illinois Central trains are also but running with some regularity. The Michigan Central is far behind and is not going one train to-night. The Michigan Southern trains were delayed by a bad crash fifty miles from the city, and incoming trains were six hours late. The Pittsburg and Fort Wayne road justified its reputation by sending out all its trains on time. Roads not particularly mentioned to the above report have either abandoned all trains or run only on suburbs. Wires being pros rated in nearly every direction, it is impossible to find out how to prosecute the work, which have gone out, and may be considered only a few miles from the city. There has been almost a complete stoppage of travel and traffic in the city and to-night is a regular winter night. Snow is piled up between car tracks and side walks so high and firmly that it is impossible to see all back from the tracks. It is a problem of vital interest to the citizens as to how they are to get to their homes to-morrow. Nothing but heavy rain or very warm weather will afford speedy relief from the embargo and there would be a flood of either of these calamities.

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PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Funeral Procession of Gen. Emory Upton at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The funeral of General Emory Upton to-day was the largest military procession that has taken place in this city since the funeral of General Grant. Three thousand soldiers, sailors and marines were in line. The ceremony began at President, when at 2 P. M. the remains, received with honors and escorted by the 4th artillery, 600 strong, were taken to Van Ness avenue where the second brigade, of the National Guard, Brigadier General McComb commanding, met the cortege and escorted it to Washington street wharf. At that point the body was put on board the government tug Gen. McPherson, and taken to Oakland Wharf with a guard of honor from the 4th artillery, to-night, and will be forwarded east under charge of Captain John Faunt and Lieut. R. Campbell of the 4th artillery, to-morrow. The pall bearers were Major Gen. Irwin McDowell, U. S. A.; Major Gen. W. H. L. Barnes, National Guard; U. S. A. Keeler, 8th regular infantry; Col. H. Vandenberg, National Guard; Major C. V. Henry, 5th cavalry, U. S. A. and Capt. Henry Boerstler, 4th artillery, U. S. A. Among the long line of carriages were those of all the past and present distinguished military officers of California, and among the latter that of Captain Sherman, who was the fourth artillery.

To the Adjutant General, United States Army, Sir: I hereby tender my resignation as colonel of the fourth artillery.

Very respectfully yours,

E. UPTON, Colonel Fourth Artillery.

The theory seems to be that time was written with a view of securing some relief from work and more time for the revision of his duties.

The Kalloch Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—In the Kalloch trial this morning Alex. Campbell opened his argument in behalf of the defendant. He said all the witnesses for the prosecution had been impeached, and that it would be rather "crowding the mourners" to throw the democratic officers and their subordinates out of employment so suddenly and upon such very short notice; and besides, it is argued, it would be in the power of the democrats to prevent any change in officers if they foolishly chose to from voting on any resolution providing for a change, and this would be the republican policy if they are successful. However, whether all the democratic would consent to filibuster for this purpose, and if two of them or one democrat and Mahone, Davis or Gibbs were absent the republicans would be thrown completely at sea, and the question of the control of the senate would depend upon the question whether an extra session then is or not called."

A Place for Tyner.

On the Washington special stating that Chief Assistant Postmaster General Tyner will soon be appointed to fill a vacancy on the board of appeals, Gen. Brady remarks: "Well he deserves it."

The St. Louis Land Postal Expenses.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—It was on the recommendation of Secretary Schurz that the St. Louis land postal expenses were ordered to be paid. He had the information in which he acted in a letter to Gen. It is believed at the land office the ring have transferred obtained titles to more than a million of acres of timber lands, and it is impossible to find out how to prosecute settlers, who therefore have no valid title to the land they occupy. Commissioner Sparks says that it rests with the governor of the territory to call out the militia to suppress the disorders, and he should be begun at once to secure titles to these lands. It is believed that whatever is determined upon it will be so arranged that the labor and land will be completed by the present session of congress. Nothing but heavy rain or very warm weather will afford speedy relief from the embargo and there would be a flood of either of these calamities.

Oregon and Washington Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The following are the postal changes for the week: Discontinued, Fern, Umatilla county, Oregon; postmaster, Mrs. Mary Mrs. M. Trimmill, Mehaffie bridge, Lane county, Oregon, Wm. H. Wakefield, Elma, Chehalis county, W. T., Delton Rutledge, White Swan, Klickitat county, W. T.

THE MEXICAN RAILWAY SCHEME.

Details of the Bargain Between Palmer and Sullivan and the Mexican Government.

ST. LOUIS, March 19.—The Republican to-day says that the Mexican railroad scheme, which gives information no less made public. The statement is derived from the highest authority, and may be relied on. The charters are granted to Palmer, Sullivan and associates in the proprietors of the enterprise, who are organized under the name of the Mexican National Construction Company, with stockowner Hunt, of Colorado, manager, and Gen. Palmer and Gen. Fitzhugh Sullivan occupying high positions. The road is to be known as the Mexican Central, and will be practically an extension of the Denver & Rio Grande road, and is being pushed under direct supervision of the provisions of the grant, the Mexican National Construction Company is required to build first an independent line from the City of Mexico to the Rio Grande, passing through Queretaro, Celaya, Acambaro, Morlee, Zamora and Lagdeado to Monterey, or between that point and Nacimal. An international line from the City of Mexico to the northern frontier connecting with the Central at some point between Bamanto and Morlee, thus through San Luis Potosi, Saltilla and Monterey to Laredo on the Rio Grande, or between that point and Eagle Pass.

Although the grand was launch last fall, but few of the details have been published. The company is required to complete 277 miles of road every five years. The interconnecting line must be completed within five years, and the international within eight years, from last September. The required gauge is three English feet. The company in transferring any of its rights is required to make the line before any part of it can be alienated.

Any other company receiving such transfer must have a capital stock of not less than one million dollars, to be paid in as called for by the company, its liability limited to par value of shares. Under reasonably proper, the government gives the company $12,352 per mile of road, and 640 acres of land for each mile from the Pacific coast to the Rio Grande, and the line to the northern frontier. The government will begin to pay the subsidy on completion of the first 125 miles on the line from Paso to the Rio Grande, from then on part duties on all supplies used in construction of the road is guaranteed to the government. Passengers and baggage in transit are not to be taxed, or mails either, and as much as it can be freed from custom duty for duty for five years from completion lines, and free from municipal local duties and local taxes for 50 years after completion is also guaranteed. To indemnify the government against failure to build the line, the grantees claim the concession through James Sullivan, deposited $500,000 cash in the National Mexico De Fiedal Credit is to remain on deposit until 62 miles from Mexico to the Rio Grande are completed. The amount will be withdrawn and substituted then for an equal amount of first mortgage bonds of the R. R. Co. The entire line when completed will be about two thousand miles long.

The legislation also has information from a high official of the Denver and Rio Grande Co. that the road will be completed to Laredo within two years. This line is now finished to Santa Cruz, New Mexico, and is being vigorously pushed southward. From its completed road from Corpus Christi, Texas, it the mouth of the Rio Grande to Laredo has recently been purchased by the Denver and Rio Grande Co., and a forty-mile gap in it will be finished as speedily as gradings and track laying can be accomplished. When the work is done it will afford complete connection between Laredo and Galveston, New Orleans and other Gulf ports, and all of Texas and a large portion of the Mexican interior on the Mexican line.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM ATLANTIC CABLE.

The English Cotton Receiving Hurt.

LONDON, March 19.—The Oldham cotton spinning companies have resolved in favor of 64 hours of cotton to settle short instead of Liverpool, owing to the higher low prices at that port. Several large ships with American cotton on board recently arrived at Oldham.

"I Can Wait."

PARIS, March 20.—Gambetta, speaking at a meeting of the union of citizens, said that he had always been and had always seen a call should never cross or cut the words, "I can wait."

Attempt at Assassination at Madrid.

MADRID, March 20.—Several petards exploded Saturday night in the streets opposed, directed against the residence of police who recently closed gambling houses.

WINTER'S FLOODS.

Their Increasing Frequency and the Lessons They Teach.

Perhaps at this time, when we are just in the midst of the late destructive freshets, no subject could engross more interest among our readers than one which treats of the causes producing such unexpected and destructive floods. In this article it is, therefore, the purpose of the writer to lay before those whom it may concern the facts that have presented themselves to him by a thorough study of Oregon's physical history.

When the hills and mountains that skirt and dwell in the valleys of the Willamette river were bald or but faint traces of foliage and forestry, there rise had then a much larger channel than it has at the present time. The evidences support the statement are very severe visible. The Portlander has only to step across Front and Ash which gives outlet to Asylum creek. That deep as it was, water course was necessary to carry off the water which fell in torrents on the naked hills and come rushing down upon the city by way of gulches, full ago or accumulated drift wood. On the crest of its banks may be seen the first prints of the rapid flowing waters. Or take the deep gulch scanned by Fourth street bridge, the formidable river bed south of McMinnville, the great estuary south of Amity, and many others of the same class; all were at certain times the courses of powerful streams flowing with resistless fury, having, in the words I originated in the Oregon Sentinel, such a torrent as "Would have swept all things before it." The people of many all times and lodgers have not been slow to seize upon the emphasis which could thus be produced. Accordingly we read in Shakespeare:

Full fathom five thy father lies.

In Gray:

Weave the warp and weave the woof,
The winding sheet of Edward's race.

In Coleridge:

The tale breeze blew, the white foam flew,
The furrow followed free.

And Churchill describes himself as one

Who often, but without success, has prayed
For apt alliteration's artful aid.

an example which is in itself a proof of the failure for alliteration is seldom effective unless it arises upon occasion. Alliteration is wholly dependent on the poet's fancy; he may avoid it altogether, or he may run it into the ground. But there is an extensive range of poetry where metrical laws are based entirely on alliteration. This is on the principle which Icelandic or Old Norse verse was founded and, which came from them to the Anglo-Saxon poets, and from them to the immediate predecessors of Shakespeare. From the Icelandic the use of alliteration has not been suppressed. For many centuries it was the only form of verse, rhymes and rythm being unknown. The accent being thrown on the alliterative syllables naturally produced the cadence which answered for our rhythm.

Writers sometimes use alliteration to sharpen the points of their satire, as Sidney Smith, who, in contrasting the conditions of a dignitary of the English church and a poor curate, wrote of them as "The Right Reverend Dives in the palace, and Lazarus-in-orders at the gate destroyed by dogs and comforted with leeches."

Every reader knows—and many by bitter experience—the ridiculous jingle of the alphabet, beginning, "An Austrian army awfully arrayed."

Take up almost any English book of verse, and alliteration will be found in abundance. Pope used it constantly, and lesser lights are in the same category. Even the Ayrshire plowman found that swear was made to mourn, and the tempest boy of to-day says to his girl: "The sweetest bud the violet blows; sugar is sweet and so are you."

Look into Tennyson's works and see how hard he works the letter s, a consonant generally denounced as having no business in poetry. "Slow sailed the weary mariners, and saw" "She sat between the shining." "Snow stood sunset flushed;" scarcely, surely, slumber is more sweet;" "Sqandrons and squares of men;" "So shape chased shape as swift;" "Slow, full words sank through the silence;" "The slight she slipped from Hood." "Sometimes I let a sudden storm of sighs." But I forbear, and turn to Swinburne and to find that in alliteration he "out-Herods Herod."

Old sayings and proverbs are full of alliteration, "Care killeth the cat

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1881.

EXHAUSTION OF THE STOCK RANGES.

Owners of herds in Oregon and Washington are not singular in the experience they have met during the past winter. The fact is, the usefulness of the great plains as a stock range is about exhausted. A few years more, and the whole country from British Columbia and Manitoba to Mexico and Texas will be worthless for winter range, and therefore no longer profitable for stock raising on the method hitherto pursued. Nor has loss of stock during the past winter been caused by cold alone. It is stated that the region crossed by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad is for hundreds of miles a great cattle graveyard. All along the Arkansas river from the car windows can be seen thousands of dead cattle. Many are lying close to the track, but back as far as the eye can reach the plains and elevations are strewn with carcasses. The condition of the comparatively few animals that survive is pitiable in the extreme. A correspondent who has been investigating the subject for a Chicago journal sums up the winter's losses of cattle in western Kansas and southwestern quarter of Colorado alone at 125,000 head. And sheep have suffered even more. It is estimated that at the beginning of winter there were in southern Colorado 600,000 sheep, and in New Mexico at least 1,000,000. In some locations there has been less loss than in others; but taking the country through, the herders have lost from thirty to fifty per cent. It is calculated, therefore, that the loss of sheep in the country north of Las Vegas, New Mexico, is not less than 500,000 head.

It is apparent enough that, except in a few localities, the great stock ranges between the Missouri river and the western mountains are almost or quite exhausted, and cannot longer be depended on for keeping cattle and sheep in considerable numbers throughout the year. The old system of keeping herds is practically at an end. Even in summer and fall grass now is scarce; so much so that cattle were as poor at the beginning of last winter as they formerly were after a severe winter was ended. The "ranch" system must give way to mechanical industry. Nor is this to be regretted. On the contrary, the change will be for the better. Farms will be made whetever the fertility of the country will permit, and the labor of animals will be utilized in cultivation of the soil to support both man and beast. A cluster of well cultivated farms, though occupying but a single township, is a center of civilization and industry, and worth more for every human purpose than a million square miles given up to herds, with adobe huts from ten to one hundred miles apart, each a rendezvous for three or four men, whose time is divided between skurrying about on Indian ponies and playing cards on a dirty blanket. A great civilizing agent is cold. It forces man to industry in order to protect himself and his property against it. All the possibilities of the best development of society lie in this one most simple and primary fact. Otherwise, man everywhere would be in much the same condition as that in which he is found in the country of the date palm, where he lies naked in the shade and reaches up when he is hungry for the fruit to satisfy his only want.

It may be assumed that those who are most skeptical in regard to the Villard combination to control the Northern Pacific entertain no doubt that this combination has taken up vast quantities of the stock. So much is not questioned. It is not probable that Mr. Villard and his associates would have formed their plan to secure this stock with a view of obtaining a controlling interest; that they would have embarked many millions of money in it, secured all the stock they wanted and then announced that their undertaking had been entirely successful, unless they had actually accomplished it. Again, it is as little probable that the scheme would have been undertaken at all unless it were to be made successful. Why should they want to go so largely into Northern Pacific stock unless they were to obtain control? But it is not necessary to speak of probabilities. The facts remain as reported hitherto by this paper. They who question them hardly have the means of knowing so well as Mr. Villard and his associates what amount of stock the combination has secured;—and our information comes direct from that quarter. Moreover, there is confirmation of it—were confirmation necessary—from a great number of other sources.—that is, from press reports and specials to various journals, and from private telegrams and letters received here by leading business men from correspondents in New York. When the time is ripe for it, the purposes of the syndicate will be developed and carried out. The paper at Tacoma asserts that the road will be built from Puget Sound over the Cascade mountains, and wants to quarrel with us on that proposition. Inasmuch as we have neither said nor intimated that the road would not be so built, the Tacoma paper is fighting its own man of straw. What we have done in this matter has simply been to publish the details of an important piece of news. The main statement came in the first instance from the most authoritative source from which such statement could be derived. It came too as a positive announcement, and is confirmed as positively by subsequent statements at length and in detail, from the same authoritative source. Other journals all over the country have dispatches relating to the subject, similar to those which we have published; and no journal has questioned the essential facts except the great paper at Tacoma.

We are getting on with those things. A bill is pending in the New York legislature to provide for the education and training of the pupils of the common schools of New York in the knowledge and practice of swimming and the use of life preservers. The board of education is directed to "purchase all things necessary or expedient to enable such instruction to be properly and successfully carried out," the entire expenses of such instruction to be paid out of the funds raised by taxation for the support of common schools. The Evening Post asks:

> Do the taxpayers of the city and county of New York desire swimming and a knowledge of the use of life preservers to be added at their expense to the list of polite accomplishments already taught in our public schools?

No journal that keeps pace with modern educational progress would ask a question of this kind. Government must now do everything for everybody. Shall the state allow its noble body of youth to grow up in ignorance of the art of swimming and run the chance of being drowned? The man who isn't in favor of adding swimming to the list of "polite accomplishments" taught in the schools can hardly be regarded as a real friend of popular education. He is an aristocrat, or an old fogy at the very least, and would suppress the glowing aspirations of all the thousands of ardent youth of both sexes who, if this chance be not afforded, will never in all probability have an opportunity to learn to swim. A few years hence the person who makes objection to instruction in swimming as a "branch" of public education, will probably be spoken of as severely as the man is who objects to French and fluxions as studies for the public schools. As the management of the public schools of Portland is eager to keep the "machine" here at even pace with progress made elsewhere, introducing all new suggestions and improvements, we venture to hope that this new "branch" will be considered. It can be "graded," be furnished with a superintendent and be made an additional ornament, as well as the greatest delight of the public school system.

The king of Burmah has a private theater, which no man but himself is permitted to attend. His majesty's four hundred and fifty wives are on the free list, and they make a pretty fair sized audience.

Running for office costs something else besides the loss of reputation incurred in the heat of the campaign, when slanders are recklessly invented to destroy the popularity of candidates. The Boston Herald tardily found that in two Massachusetts districts last fall $80,000 was expended by the successful candidates to secure their election; and the Herald estimates the two Butler gubernatorial campaigns to have cost that state's treasury, personally, nearly or quite $250,000. The Springfield Republican mentions the names of two other congressmen, each of whom disbursed $50,000 to defeat his opponent. From these large figures it must be inferred that it is still considered in New England, at least, a distinguished honor to be a member of congress; and one even more distinguished to be governor of Massachusetts certainly the salary of a congressman does not warrant a candidate to spend $2,000 or $4,000 to secure it; he pays for the honor exclusively, as the salary must be absorbed by the necessary cost of living in Washington. It has been hinted that congressmen have to suffer by virtue of their office, to reimburse themselves for their extraordinary election expenses; but this insinuation is peculiarly another slander coined by the defeated candidates who cannot afford to buy a majority of votes at so high a price. It, however, elected votes as they should be, the campaign expenses of a congressional district would be less than $500, it stead of $80,000. They should include nothing but a proportion of the cost of printing and distributing tickets, of printing and posting handbills, of banners, and necessary public meetings. The real cost of these expensive contests is that of corruption, of the direct or indirect purchase of votes, and it should be vigorously eliminated from every campaign.

Shanghai correspondence of the London Times furnishes a sketch of events in China during the year 1880, from which it would appear that very little growth has been made in any direction. The system of drill in the army remains as of old, and, centered in the camps of defense, the old drill ranked conscientious, and somersets, to frighten the enemy, is daily gone through in every barrack in China. The dispatches between the capital and the provinces are still carried on donkeys. The canals are all choked up and the public works are crumbling into ruin. There has been no progress at all in the development of the country by modern scientific appliances. The surveys made of coal and iron fields which are known to exist in the Yangtsze valley, have come to nothing. The cotton-mill which was to have been built has been abandoned, and the woolen mill which were built some time ago at Kaichowfoo are not yet in operation. There is promise of telegraphs, but no performance. Explorers for petroleum in Formosa came back with broken heads. The only advance made is in the management of their steam navigation company, and of this the correspondent says: "For the first time in its history a profit amount has been written off the value of the company's fleet for depreciation and an honorable and praiseworthy attempt made to cut down all useless expenditure and to put the company on a sound commercial basis. Its operations are to be extended to all foreign countries where Chinese merchants are established, and with this view two of its thirty steamers have begun to ply between China, the Sandwich Islands and California."

Mahone's course is a subject of general discussion. The democratic organs are quite unanimous in declaring that he has played it in a way they despise. The general tone of the republican press is that of mild approval, while Washington correspondence of the New York Herald presents the independent view that "Mahone's course is not only honorable to him, but is wise for his state. It is bitterly denounced by a handful of Virginia republican egotisms, whose effort thus been for many years to keep the republican party in their state as small as possible in order that each of these grumblers might have as much patronage to divide as possible. Mahone's position breaks the solid democracy of Virginia, and breaks the solid south, and Hill's abuse of Mahone will help to do it. Every legitimate interest in Virginia has reason to rejoice that Mahone is manfully enough to repudiate the Bourbons in the senate as he last year repudiated, and defeated the Bourbons in his own state. If democratic senators like Hill of Georgia are so furious, it is because they see that the intelligence and progressive spirit of the south are weary of the democratic party, recognizing that it is a hopeless organization as now constituted, and that in the south particularly it bars the way to all healthful progress."

Fifty thousand people were driven out of their houses at New Orleans by the late overflow of the Mississippi river, which is attributed in some measure to the jetties at the mouth. The Picayune says: "There has been a great strain upon the levees of the lower delta since the construction of the jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi river. Last year demonstrated that the parishes south of New Orleans have had the hazards of inundation largely increased by the great work which has made New Orleans the deepest port on the American continent." The river above was dammed in various places with a view of confining the water within the banks, and thereby deepening the channel at the jetties. If the surplus water had been allowed to run off as usual, New Orleans would probably have escaped the overflow of about five square miles of territory.

The condition of savings banks in the state of New York affords striking proof of the prosperity of the laboring classes. The annual report of the state superintendent shows that the number of depositors in these institutions on the 1st of January, 1881, was 89,25[illegible] greater than on January 1, 1880, while the amount deposited during last year, was $19,791,000 greater than during the year before. The total number of savings bank depositors in the state is now 953,707, and the bank assets have reached the enormous aggregate of $400,944,000. The confidence the people have in the savings banks of New York, as shown by these figures, is largely due to the responsibility on their part which is assured by efficient state superintendence.

Mr. Froude, who is preparing a life of Carlyle, writes that he has several thousand letters to and from the subject of his biography, which are very rich in materials. He has also sketches by Carlyle himself of his father and mother, of the celebrated Edward Irving of Lord Jeffrey and of Mrs. Carlyle. The sketches will be published in a short time by Mr. Froude in a volume separate from the life, as he can not venture to abridge them. The letters are exceedingly valuable, and include, besides Carlyle's own, the correspondence with him of Goethe, Emerson, Mill, Jeffrey, Leigh Hunt, Dickens, Thackeray, John Sterling, Von Ense and other famous persons.

The new prohibitory law of Kansas is very severe. It obliges all doctors and druggists to take an oath not to prescribe or use alcoholic medicines unless actually required for the patient's health. The prohibition extends to cologne, spirits of camphor and flavoring extracts. Perhaps it was the intention of the framers to kill the law by making it ridiculous. Certainly no lady who wants her smelling bottle and no toper who wants his bottle of something else, need be afraid to migrate to Kansas, maugre all such laws. Camphor and corn juice will still abound.

The commissioner of pensions declares that frauds amounting to $2,000,000 are committed upon the government in obtainment of pensions by persons not entitled to them. Five hundred fraudulent names have recently been stricken from the rolls. In Maine a man has been discovered who was drawing payments for seven widows. He has been sent to the penitentiary for ten years.

Recently Mrs. John Jacob Astor of New York sent a party of one hundred homeless children to the west at a cost of $1500. Of these twenty-four boys found employment on Virginia farms, and the rest went to new homes in Iowa, Missouri and Kansas. This swells the total number of children whom Mrs. Astor has assisted to eight hundred and thirteen, at a total cost to her of more than $12,000.

President Stephens, of the Canada Pacific railway syndicate, has gone to London for the purpose of placing ten million dollars of the bonds of the company. On the presentation of the work on the line. He proposes to push it on.

The senate now has two Platts (Connecticut and New York), two Dawses, Illinois and West Virginia, two Jonses, Nevada and Florida, and two Hills, Georgia and Colorado.

BORN.

In this city, March 20th, to the wife of M. J. McMahan, a daughter; weight, 12½ pounds.

DIED.

In this city, March 20, Ophelia Ada, daughter of Thomas and Louisa Smith, aged 3 years and 2 months.

Friends invited to attend the funeral, which will take place this Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from 194 Fourth street.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED.

A BOY ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD, TO ATTEND OF JOHN BATCHER, 72 Yamhill street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

FROM $1000 TO $2500 ON REAL ESTATE; NO commission. Apply to GOLDEN RULE AGENCY, 8 Sansome street, San Francisco. mch14

LOST.

BROWN HUNTING DOG (LITTLE WHITE ON breast, white foot, thoroughbred, answers to name Asa Smith). Reward will be paid for the return to 8 Upper Seventh. J. Harbaugh.

SITUATION WANTED

BY A COMPETENT COOK; CAN COOK [illegible] Address [illegible]

ATTENTION!

THE REGULAR MEETING OF [illegible] Lodge will be held at Odd Fellows' Hall, First street, between Yamhill and Taylor, This Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock sharp. By order of the President. H. [illegible]

ENGINE WANTED.

A 10-HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE AND Boiler, either vertical or horizontal, new or second hand; no others or skids. Apply to C. A. PAINE, Real Estate Broker, N. E. cor. Front and Stark streets. mch16

PAY UP.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE FIRM of Rosenblatt & Co. will please call and pay their indebtedness on or before April 1st, the copartnership of the undersigned having been dissolved by mutual consent. All bills against said firm must be presented for payment to L. O. Hodge will continue the business.

L. O. HODGE.
F. C. KENNEY.

mch16

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company will be held at the company's office, corner of First and Yamhill streets, Portland, Oregon, on Wednesday, March 30th, 1881, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

W. M. KAPUS, Secretary.

Portland, Oregon, March 15, 1881. mch16

G. W. PERCY,

Accountant and Expert Bookkeeper

52 Morrison Street,

P. O. Box 18. mch6 tod 6m Portland.

A SOCIAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT

Will be given by the Ladies of the Carlstien Church

AT MASONIC HALL,

Alder St., between Third and Fourth Sts.,

THIS MONDAY EVENING.

All are cordially invited.
Admission, including supper, 25c. mch21

THE PRIZE SERIAL,

"REAPING THE WHIRLWIND,"

BY MISS MARY E. COMBS,

Will be commenced on the 26 page of the next

NEW NORTHWEST,

March 24th.

In November last the proprietors of the NEW NORTHWEST offered a prize for the best serial story of about 100,000 words, the right to be decided by February 15th, 1881. Nine stories were received, and the prize was awarded to "Reaping the Whirlwind," a well written and highly interesting novel from the pen of Miss Mary E. Combs, a young lady well known in Portland.

Subscribe and Read It!

TERMS!

[illegible]

Good Canvasser, lady or gentleman, wanted [illegible]

BUNTWAY PUBLISHING CO.,
PROPRS "NEW NORTHWEST"
No. 5 Washington St.

LINSEED OIL!

Beware of Adulterated Linseed Oil!

Buy none but PERFECTLY PURE LINSEED OIL, manufactured at

PIONEER OIL WORKS,

SALEM, OREGON.

It is put up FULL WEIGHT. It is manufactured from Oregon-grown Seed, is essentially a HOME PRODUCTION and cannot be excelled for Purity and General Excellence.

G. W. GRAY & SONS, Prop'rs.
mch16 tod 6m

HALIBUT! HALIBUT!

FRESH HALIBUT ON ICE!

First of the Season.

AT

CHAS. A. MALARKEY'S,

New York Market,

N. E. corner Oak and Second Street.

MEUSSDORFFER'S Spring Styles of SILK HATS will be introduced Saturday, March 12, at 151 Front street. A large stock of SPRING STYLES in Stiff and Soft Hats have just arrived on the State of California, and will continue to arrive by each steamer hereafter, to supply his numerous customers.

REMOVAL

OF

ALBERT BARTSCH

From Morrison to Yamhill, Corner Fourth St.

MR. ALBERT BARTSCH, THE POPULAR TENor, and agent for the equally renowned Steinway and the celebrated Knabish and Beck Pianos, has removed to Yamhill street, near corner Fourth, where he will be pleased to see his customers. Can refer to [illegible] in his line of business. He will receive early [illegible]. mch20tf

THE

PORTLAND CITY HOMESTEAD

ALL COMMUNICATIONS IN REFERENCE TO the sale of lots in this desirable property should be addressed to me, and have no agents.

Terms of Lots from $100 to $200, on the installment plan of $10 per month.

Ten per cent. deducted on all cash payments of $[illegible] or more.

Special terms made with those who desire to build and make the [illegible] on the property.

P. A. MARQUAM.

ALBINA STEAM FERRY.

THE NEW AND SUBSTANTIAL STEAM FERRY boat, Albina, will hereafter make regular trips between Albina and foot of West Park street, near Greenwich dock. ALBINA FERRY CO.

NEW TO-DAY.

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

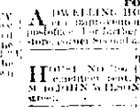
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

WAGONS, ETC.

On account of the death of Dr. J. C. Hawthorne, the administrators of the partnership estate of NEWBURY, HAWTHORNE & CO. desire to CLOSE OUT THE GOODS now on hand at their store, 260 and 261 FIRST ST., cor. Madison, and will sell their stock, consisting of a large and well selected assortment of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, STEEL GOODS, WAGONS, etc., at PRICES FAR BELOW what such goods have hitherto been sold for in this market, and in quantities to suit purchasers. Terms cash or approved security.

We invite offers for the purchase of our entire stock, lease and fixtures.

NEWBURY, HAWTHORNE & CO.



ITALIAN BEES FOR SALE.

1 Pkge just Swarms, in Hartman Hive, $[illegible]
" " " Shipping " [illegible]
Extra for Cartage and Shipping, [illegible]
Transportation at risk of purchaser.
All orders must be accompanied with the cash. Address

T. L. HAGGIS,
60 Smith Front St., PORTLAND, OR.

WANTS.

A LADY WISHES TO GO OUT TO SEWING [illegible] Address Mrs. [illegible]

WANTED.

APPRENTICES IN MILLINERY. APPLY ON [illegible]

WANTED.

A BOY WHO CAN RUN A GORDON PRESS and a Cylinder. Apply at this office.

WANTED.

BY A YOUNG MAN, A POSITION IN A GROcery store, or anything in the line; can give good references if necessary given. Address P. O. Box [illegible] office.

WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK; GOOD wages. Apply from 9 to 11:30 A. M. 264 Fourth, corner Madison.

WANTED.

A LADY WANTS A SITUATION AS SALESlady in a music store, understands all instruments. Also 2 women and girls wanted to do general housework. Good wages. WOMEN'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 54½ corner Third and Morrison streets.

WANTED.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES BOARD IN A PRIvate family; there are no children. Address Miss S., Block 1, 255 Portland.

WANTED.

A SCANDINAVIAN GIRL FINN OR GIRL TO DO general housework for a small family. Boy to wait on table. Apply at No. 250 Clay st., between Portland and Eleventh streets, Portland.

INFORMATION WANTED

OF THE WHEREABOUTS OF STEPHEN [illegible] who left Lincolnshire, Gainsborough, England, in 1849 for Australia, and in Bendigo there for Portland, Or., and some year 1866 for Portland, Oregon. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by Messrs. Sayles, Dalby and Sayles, Solicitors, 26 Bedford Row, London, England. [illegible]

WANTED.

A HOUSE OF 6 OR 8 ROOMS CENTRALLY LOcated. Good, permanent tenant and low rent. Address P. O. Box [illegible].

PRIVATE BOARDING.

ROOMS WITH BOARD can be had at No. 68 Second street, directly opposite the Conservatory of Music. Also one Mediumsized Bedroom. [illegible]

ROOMS WITH BOARD.

A FEW SUITES OF FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board, for single gentlemen or married couples, at MRS. A. WOODARDS, 51 Third street, between Ash and Pine.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY IN EAST PORTland and Sellwood; dwellings, stores and lots; good improvements; will rent cheap. Address [illegible]

FOR RENT.

A DWELLING HOUSE WITH 8 ROOMS; MUCH improvements, situated within 5 blocks of postoffice. Inquire of Jacob Kamm, corner Second and Madison streets.

TO LET.

A PROPERTY CONSISTING THREE ACRES of land, with new house and abundance of excellent water, well adapted for gardening purposes, situated [illegible] east of the Red House. Apply to J. VAN BUCHEN, 267 First st.

FOR RENT.

VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS AT No. 13 Second st., near Ash.

TO LET.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH, NICELY furnished rooms in the Sherlock House, corner Second and Oak.

FOR RENT.

A VERY NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, in a quiet family, near the Postoffice, suitable for a gentleman. Address [illegible]

FOR SALE.

LOTS FOR SALE.

28 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS IN THIRTEN'S addition, East Portland. Improved and unimproved. Easy terms. Apply to FRANK DUNN, on the premises, or at Island of Front st., Portland.

EAST PORTLAND CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE or to LEASE. Real Estate Agent, P. O. Building, East Portland.

SOME OF THE MOST DESIRABLE BUSINESS properties for sale by C. H. LANE, Real Estate Agent, East Portland.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A TOUCANE CHROMATIC PIANO, MADE BY Mackie & Norris; Spanish mahogany case; in perfect order, good as new; can be seen at D. W. Prentice & Co.'s music store.

SALOON FOR SALE.

A SALOON, SITUATED IN THE HEART OF the city, and doing good business; price moderate. For particulars address Z., this office.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

FOR SALE, THE FREDERICKSBURG BEER Depot, 25 Oak st. Reason for selling, change of business. Terms liberal. A chance. OTTO DUNCKEL.

FOR SALE.

4 VERY DESIRABLE LOTS IN BERKSHIRE'S Portland City Homestead; very cheap. Also a large amount of city property in Portland and East Portland. Inquire of Oregon & Washington Land Co., at office of Van B. DeLashmutt.

FOR SALE.

A HARNESS AND SADDLERY BUSINESS IN a splendid locality for the trade, the building to be rented or sold. Apply regarding terms and further information to JOHN CLARK, 16 Front st., Portland, Or. W. J. LEMON
mch21tfmo Sheridan.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

GOOD LOCALITY, DOING AN EXCELLENT prescription business. For particulars, terms, etc., apply to HODGE, DAVIS & CO. mch16tf

FOR SALE—STEAM YACHT,

LYING AT THE FOOT OF PINE STREET, AT Mr. Lachapelle's boat house. Everything is now about this yacht and in good order, having been built but a short time. For particulars inquire of M. LaChapelle, or Frank P. MORGAN,
mch9tf No. 13 Washington st., cor. First, up-stairs.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

R. L. PITT, Notary Public and County Deeds for Cal., Nev., N. Y., Kan., Wash. Terr., Arizona, other states and territories, New Market Block.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Portland Boating Association will be held at the rooms of the Hundred and Haydn Society, over Prentice's music store, April 2, 1881, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the election of directors for the ensuing year. mch16tf HENRY J. CORBETT, Sec.

MR. ALLISON, late of Caledonia Dye Works, is now at O. Comrad's Steam Dyeing and Cleaning Works, E. Salmon st. Kid gloves cleaning, silk and woolen goods dyed & cleaned. Country orders wanted.

FINE CUTLERY, Razors, Surgical Instruments, Scissors. Knife grinding a specialty. J. L. George, 250 First street, between Salmon and Main.

BURKHART & SPALDING, Butchers and Packers, cor. Second and Stark, offer a full line of best quality of Meats, Hams and Bacon.

T. H. CHANDLER, NO. 24 FRONT ST., IMporter and Jobber in Boots, Furnishing Goods, Woodenware, Brushes, Stationery, etc., etc.

PATTERN MAKING.

PATTERNS FOR CASTINGS OF EVERY DEscription, also models at Oregon Brass Works, 49 Main Second st. bet. Ankeny and Burnside. mch16m

WEEKS & MORGAN, Wholesale & Retail Grocers and Steel Merchants, Nos. 247 249 and 251 Front st. bet. Main and Madison.

NEW MARKET THEATER—A. W. STEPHENS Lessee and Manager. Office No. 8 First st., four doors south Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

O. R. & N. CO.—COLUMBIA AND WILLAMETTE Division. The steamer "John Gates" will discontinue trips to Priest Rapids until further notice.
mar22tfmo GEO. J. AINSWORTH, Supt.

THE FIRM OF REDLICH, RECHT & CO. HAS been dissolved by mutual consent. The business has been assumed by Messrs. RECHT, BROS. & CO., who will continue the same, and to whom all debts due the late firms of Martin Recht & Co. and Redlich, Recht & Co. are to be paid.

A. REDLICH.
M. H. RECHT.

Portland, March 15, 1881. mch16tf

JOS. LEESMAN

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Monumental Silver Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, Portland, Or., on Tuesday, April 5, 1881, at 7 o'clock P. M. for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. C. D. FOLGER, Sec'y. mch16td

FARMERS, MINERS AND LUMBERMEN!

[illegible] & SLEEPER

Use no other but those with trade mark of PORTER, OPPENHEIMER, SLESSINGER & CO., for they have the sole right of Patent for the manufacture of the IRON-CLAD PATENT RIVETED BOOTS AND SHOES. All others are infringements and same. None but those with trade-mark of P. O. S. & CO. are the genuine article.

P. O. S. & CO.,
San Francisco, Cal.
mch16tf

BOOTS AND SHOES!

With a complete stock of goods, and occupying our own property, we are enabled to offer a full line of

Boots, Shoes and Slippers at Bottom Figures.

Examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. GRAY & SONS,

149 Front Street.

B. HARTMAN & Co.

165 Third Street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill.

We have just received a Direct Importation of

Laces and Embroideries,

Which we are offering at the following prices:

5c, 6c, 7c, 8c, 9c, 10c, 12c, 15c, 20c, 25c, etc.

We have also received a full assortment of

INFANTS' COMPLETE WARDROBES, CHILDREN'S SHORT DRESSES, LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,

Besides our usual and complete stock of German and Germantown Yarns, Zephyrs, Shetland Wool and Floss, Fairy Zephyrs, Saxony Wools, Canvases, Chenilles, and everything pertaining to EMBROIDERIES AND MATERIALS FOR FANCY WORK.

Agents for the Celebrated WARNER'S CORSETS.

H. HARTMAN & CO., P. O. Box 500, Portland, Or.

Samples of Laces, Embroideries, &c., sent on application. Goods sent to any address on receipt of P. O. money order or C. O. D.

THIRD and ALDER. SUIT HOUSE. THIRD and ALDER.

LADIES can send to H. B. LITT for an ALL-WOOL DRESS for $15, $20, $25, $30, and $31.88 from $50 to $110, and when the Dress is sent, Wells, Fargo & Co. have a standing notice to let every Lady who desires to open the package and examine it, and if not exactly as requested, to return Dress or Suitman, and he pays the charges.

MR. LITT positively does a most legitimate business. He has worked for the Leading Suit Houses of New York and San Francisco, and through experience he no doubt gives better value than any other house in America.

MRS. LITT superintends the Dressmaking Rooms, and requests to send size of bust, length of square and skirt, whether Princess or Basque and Overskirt and Collar. Fashions from $15 up.

GOLDSMITH, 247 and 249 Water Street, New York. J. LOEWENBERG, Portland

OREGON STOVE WORKS.

50 and Front Street, O. S. N. Co's Block,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Metals

LEAD AND IRON PIPE,

Tinmen and Plumber's Stock,

HYDRAULIC RAMS, INDIA RUBBER HOSE,

House-Furnishing Hardware,

FORCE & LIFT PUMPS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Willamette Stove Works.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

TO THE TRADE.

We have succeeded to the business of Redlich, Recht & Co., and have established a branch of the San Francisco House in this city. We have now in stock and will always carry a complete assortment of Boots and Shoes of the best Eastern manufacture, and of BUCK, INGRAM & RECHT'S well known California-made goods, which we offer to the trade at San Francisco prices.

RECHT BROS. & CO.

Portland, March 10, 1881.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

MILLINERY.

Received per last steamer from New York, the First Invoice of the Latest Styles in

HATS, BONNETS & TRIMMINGS,

ALSO

NECK WEAR of Every Description.

P. V. FRIDAGH, Agent,
111 First St., Dekum's Building.

NEW OPENING.

P. O. MILLINERY STORE.

LATE MISS MATHEWS'

90 Morrison St., Multnomah Block,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, March 25 & 26

FULL LINE

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

H. M. BEAL.

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE.

OVER 50 LADIES [illegible] made Suits and Jackets at half price for the next ten days in order to make room for the new spring goods.

MRS. L. PILGER,
LEADING

SUIT and CLOAK HOUSE.

155 First st., near Morrison.

BUNTING BUNTING

CURTAINS CURTAINS

AND

LACE NOTTINGHAM,

And other grades in Curtains.

Large and Varied Display at

WALTER BROS'

Carpet Warehouse, Union Block.

JOHN KELLY. H. M. DUNNE.

OILS! OILS!

KELLY & DUNNE,

Manufacturers, Refiners and Dealers in all Kinds of

Lubricating and Illuminating Oils.

SOLE AGENT FOR

PHOENIX OIL, 150° WATER WHITE,

FOR FAMILY USE.

No. 8 FRONT STREET.

Opposite Bank of British Columbia.

STALL-FED BEEF.

Go to C. R. HOFFMAN'S, on Yamhill st., bet. First and Second, No. 26, and see the Finest, Fattest Stall-Fed Beef ever raised in the State, fed by A. Horenden of Hubbard Station, Marion county, Or.

mch19tf

SUIT and CLOAK HOUSE.

67 FIRST STREET,

bet. Oak and Pine.

THE BEST ON THE COAST.

Tip Choice Regular Dinner from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. for 50c.
3 Fried Eggs, 1 Cup of Coffee, and Bread and Butter for [illegible] 15cts
3 Fried Eggs, 1 Beefsteak, 1 Cup of Coffee, and 1 Dish of Stewed Fruit, or 1 Piece of Pie for [illegible] 25cts

S. A. SOLOMON, Prop.

1840. 21 Years' Practical Experience. 1881.

JOHN A. CHILD,

DRUGGIST,

Corner Morrison and Second Streets.

DEALER IN

Fine Chemicals, Perfumery, TOILET ARTICLES, Sponges, Soaps, Rubber Goods.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. 12td eom

ZAN BROTHERS.

Manufacturers of

BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE AND IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE,

Nos. 13 and 14 North Front St.

DRY GOODS—CLOTHING.

CUTTING DOWN PRICES! PRICES! FOR THIRTY DAYS.

In order to increase sales and lessen stock to make room for

SPRING GOODS.

An extensive stock of which has been purchased in New York by our Mr. Fishel.

SEE THE SIGN,

Then step in and examine goods and prices, which are astonishingly low.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

FISHEL & ROBERTS,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

Corner First and Alder Streets,

PORTLAND, OR.

REDUCTION SALE.

In order to make room for a large stock of Spring Goods, now arriving from the East, we have made

A GENERAL REDUCTION

IN THE PRICE OF

ALL WINTER GOODS

NOW ON HAND.

Handsome Lines of Dress Goods Reduced to 20 and 25c per yard.

All-Wool Cashmeres in Colors and Black at 50c per yard.

Ladies' & Children's Wool Hosiery At Reduced Prices.

Cloaks and Cloaking Closed Out Regardless of Cost.

Table Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Sheetings and all Domestic Goods at Wholesale Prices.

The Largest Stock of Hamburg Edgings in the city.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,

221 First St., cor. Salmon.

CLIFFORD COGGINS,

Successor to Coggins & Cook,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

DOORS, SASH, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS,

And All Kinds of House and Finishing

LUMBER.

Referring to the above, I would respectfully inform my friends and those who contemplate making improvements in the line of building that I am prepared to furnish the above material at lowest rates. Parties in Portland from the interior, needing anything in my line, will find it to their advantage by calling on me. Goods delivered on board cars and boats free of charge. Factory, East Portland, cor. Fourth and J Sts. Orders from the country promptly filled. Address

CLIFFORD COGGINS, Portland, Or.

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FOR SALE OR LEASE,

THE

COLONIAL HOTEL,

New Westminster, Fraser River, B. C.

Situated on the Principal Street, within One Minute's Walk of the Steamboat Landing.

THIS HOTEL IS A NEW BUILDING AND HAS 2 Drawing Rooms, Large Dining Room, Bar, Kitchen, Cellars, Lavatories, Bath and other conveniences. Also a well appointed

BAR AND SALOON ATTACHED.

Billiard Room with Three Tables and Bar, Etc., Etc.

This Hotel is FURNISHED THROUGHOUT, and is the largest, best situated and most convenient in the town, and has a plentiful supply of Pure Water laid on.

NEW WESTMINSTER is the center of the fishing industries on Fraser River, and is surrounded by a fast increasing farming population. It is the lands terminus of the steamers plying to and from Yale, the head of navigation, where Railway Construction is being rapidly carried on, furnishing employment to several thousand men. The supplies and passengers for the interior and Victoria pass through New Westminster.

THE COLONIAL HOTEL

With good management, can secure the largest patronage of any hotel south of Victoria.

Part of the Purchase Money can remain on Mortgage, and the Furniture and effects can be sold on favorable terms.

For further particulars apply to

MR. C. W. R. THOMSON,
Victoria, British Columbia.

P. O. Box 62. mch16tm

EXTRA SELECTED

EASTERN OYSTERS

Fresh by Every Steamer,

SERVED IN ANY STYLE,

AT OUR

CONFECTIONERY and OYSTER SALOON,

145 First Street.

EASTERN OYSTERS 50c
OLYMPIA OYSTERS 25c

ALISKY & HEGELE

McMINNVILLE COLLEGE.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF M'MINNVILLE College will meet at McMinnville, Oregon, on Wednesday, May 4, 1881, at 2 P. M., to receive plans and specifications for Dr. Newberry's Science Hall, a part of building not to exceed $15,000 in cost. All persons desiring to submit plans are requested to have them in my hands on or before April 15th. Bonds will be required for any portion of the work.

E. McMANUS, Secretary.

mch19tf

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT

Is the best three-bit house in the city. Board by the week $5.50. Meals at all hours. Lunches put up to go. Private rooms for ladies and gentlemen. Board and lodging $6 per week. Open all night. Board and lodging $6 per week. Open all night. Board and lodging $6 per week. Open all night

D COMMISSION.
KILBOURN,
IONEER,
or. Pine. P.O. Box 986.

M. CROCKER.
N & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
ber. Pine and Ash.
REAL ESTATE, PERN-
ance, Horses, Cattle, &c.
—Tuesdays and Fridays

UCTION SALE
of
Furniture, Etc.
ESDAY, MARCH 22d,
o'clock A.M.
Assortment of
D FURNITURE
opportunity to buyers.
Assortment of
HANDISE.
N & CO., Auctioneers.

T. W. ANDREWS.
ANDREWS,
Commission Merchants,
NO. 248 FIRST ST.
Sale Days.
DAYS, SATURDAYS,
Advances. Out-door sales of
ially attended to. Cash Ad-

A. M. CROCKER.
COX & CO.,
and Insurance
okers,
., Union Block.

ee trees of land, situated on
Good opportunity for persons
estate to double their money
Some of this land has a river
tract recently purchased by
ear to where their bridge will
a well-adapted for canning,
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one and support themselves.
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S FOOTIATED.

IONAL CARDS.

KINNEY, M. D.,
sician and Surgeon,
AND PHYSICIAN.
ner Liberty and Chemeketa
north of Opera House),
, Oregon. m30tf1f

E. McGINN,
NEY-AT-LAW.
n Piper St.

TAUGHT.
SONS HOURS AC-
to each day. Reference, Mr.
KISS M. E. COOK,
19 Fourth Street.

H. SHINN,
CONVEYANCER and REAL
ke Register State Lands, La-
Agent, Umatilla County, Ore-
n Union and Baker counties
and locators. dec6tf1yr

t WM. H. UPTON,
ney-at-Law,
Walla, W.T.
to collection at Pendleton,
Clifton, Oregon, Walla Walla,
ney, Colfax and Palouse City,
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J. C. LEASURE.
& LEASURE,
COUNSELORS-AT-LAW.
Criminal Law and Collec-
Specialties. Will practice
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OCUTION.

ALLEN IS PREPARED TO
any instruction in Limited
special attention to the cultivation
SINGING, if desired. Private
Terms made known at her
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ANTED,

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country at leisure and to
a home.
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Carpenters and Bridge
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ation apply to H. W.
sup't Pen d'Oreille Divi-
T., or to
AGUE, Gen'l Sup't,
New Tacoma, W. T.

NING!
to Merchants and Shoe
and Washington Terri-
sole and entire right
sell the PATENT RIV-
S AND SHOES, U. S.
gust 3d, 1880, and all
goods that are an in-
rights are liable to

s sufficient.
LSBURG & CO.,
IN BROS. & CO.)
Sansome Street, San Francisco.

ON PHOTOGRAPHER
THE LOWEST
PRICES
IN PORTLAND, OR.

POUND
A DRUG
YGEN
PALEN'S NEW TREAT-
for Consumption, Asthma,
Dyspepsia, Headache,
Rheumatism, and all
Disorders. Packages may
by express. Ready for immediate
ions and full directions in each
and supplies can be had of H.
Montgomery st., San Francisco
formation

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING MARCH 21, 1881.

$10 REWARD.

THE OREGONIAN Publishing Company will pay $10 reward for information which will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person guilty of stealing THE OREGONIAN from doors of its subscribers in East Portland.

CITY.

NEW ENTERPRISE.—A number of our leading manufacturers and mechanics have on hand a project which, if carried into execution, will result in much good both to the manufacturer and the whole community. It is the erection of a commodious building by a stock company, or otherwise, suitable to accommodate a large number of manufacturers with motive power and room for each individual industry. Say a building with room sufficient to accommodate 500 or more workmen; provided with a number of 100 or 200 horse power, suitably located and constructed to rent or lease power and room at the lowest rates to all whose industries required the same. It is claimed that upon this or a similar scheme great advantage will be afforded manufacturers of limited means. Similar enterprises have been carried into execution in more than one manufacturing city in the east, and all have been attended with success. If as many a matter of fact as such a company will be formed in Portland, and the sooner the better for the manufacturing interest of the Northwest.

A NEW INDUSTRY.—The vast deposits of stone in what are known as the Stark and Kelly quarries, near Half Butte, about three miles southeast of East Portland, have been leased for a term of years by Mr. M. Cronin, who is now prepared to enter into contract for the supply of any quantity of rock alone at a reasonable price. It is proposed to put out material for the wall and steps of the residence now being erected on the corner of Alder and West Park streets, Portland. Persons requiring stone for building or other purposes, cannot do better than avail themselves of this opportunity.

THE NEW DIRECTORY.—We are in receipt of McCormick's Directory of Portland, East Portland and Albina for 1881. We have not had time to examine it closely, but a glance shows it to have been prepared with unusual care and precision. Its lists of independent organizations, state and city officers, also of postal, and there is much valuable information in the way of statistics. The directory for 1881 seems to be the most complete ever issued here.

"REAPING THE WHIRLWIND."—Last November the management of the New Northwest offered a prize for the best serial story of about twenty-six chapters that should be submitted by February 15. Out of nine received, one written by Miss Mary E. Cogan, of this city, entitled "Reaping the Whirlwind" was selected. It is spoken of as well written and highly interesting. It will be commenced in next week's issue of the New Northwest.

TO DOUBLE ITS CAPACITY.—We learn that the Enoch Vista pottery is to be immediately enlarged to double its present capacity by the erection of additional buildings and another 20 foot kiln. A. M. Smith, the proprietor, has arranged to move his family to Portland and will give the enterprise personal attention and continue to have general supervision of the factory.

NEW BUILDING.—Mr. Walter V. Smith, owner of the old frame buildings adjoining THE OREGONIAN block on the south, will cause their removal in a few days. He will erect on the site a two-story brick building to correspond in style with the block on the northeast corner of Front and Washington, occupied by J. B. Congleton, and DuBois & King.

BREAKING AN OFFICER.—Yesterday three men broke a window pane in a Chinese house in the upper portion of the city. Officer Burke arrested one of the men, but the other two interfered and prevented him from taking the man. The result of the consultation was that the three men got away and no arrest was made at all.

ANOTHER PIONEER GONE.—Warren Goodell, aged 72 years, who came to Oregon in 1846, died at his home near Foncalla, Douglas county, on the 16th inst. Mr. Goodell leaves a wife and a son and daughter who have both reached years of maturity, where considerable losses have long been the pain of his declining years.

SCATTER EAST.—By a letter which has been received from San Francisco, it is learned that John E. Owens and wife, Miss Lottie Cobb, Mr. Joseph Arthur and Geo. S. Starling left that city on March 4th, bound for New York. Mr. Owens is announced to appear at the Fifth Avenue Theater on March 28th.

DOCK AT SALEM.—Dr. F. C. Palne, a homeopathist physician of some renown in this valley, died at Salem on Friday last after a long and painful illness. He was a quiet, unobtrusive man, who made a large number of friends who will sincerely mourn his death. He leaves a wife and several children.

"LUCK "SPUD" SHIPMENT.—W. Dunbar made a very large shipment of potatoes on the outgoing steamer. The Oregon, which sailed hence yesterday morning, carried 1319 sacks of the "nutritious esculent, endeared to the sons of crushed Hibernia."

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—Judge Deady will announce a decision in this court this morning in the case of the Pacific Rolling Mill Co. vs. The U. S. & G. R. Railway Co., upon the question of the attorney fee argued upon the rehearing.

TO THE FRONT.—Messrs. D. D. and D. S. McBean, who are interested in the contract for grading the O. R. & N. Co.'s line from Texas ferry to Colfax, leave for the former point this morning to arrange preliminaries for work.

THE COLUMBIA.—The steamer Columbia reached Astoria Saturday afternoon, but did not leave for Portland until 6 o'clock yesterday morning. She arrived at her dock yesterday afternoon at ten minutes to 2 o'clock.

ENTERTAINMENT.—The ladies of the Christian church will give a literary entertainment at Masonic hall to-night. An excellent programme has been prepared, and all are cordially invited.

CHARTER DUE.—The steamship Oregon, which sailed from here yesterday morning, arrived at Astoria yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. She crossed the bar and passed to sea at 4:30 P. M.

NEW FRONT BOAT.—Elliott Bros. put their new and commodious steam ferry on the Stark street line last evening. The new boat will be kept on regularly until further notice.

MAIL.—The steamer Columbia, which arrived here yesterday afternoon from San Francisco, brought 88 pantee sacks of mail, 3 lock pouches, 7 registered packs and 3 cases.

COAL COAST.—In addition to other cargo the Viola brought to this port a quantity of coal and coke. The latter is found to be excellent for foundrymen's use.

VISITING PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

EAST PORTLAND, March 19, 1881.

Hon. R. P. Earhart, secretary of state, dear sir:—I herewith submit my report of the insane and idiotic for the quarter ending Feb. 28, 1881. The whole number of patients on hand Dec. 1, 1880 was, males, 200, females, 79, making a total of 288 remaining for treatment at the close of the last quarter. The number admitted during the quarter was 30, of which 21 were males and 8 females; total, 30. The number discharged were, males, 10; females, 2; total, 11. Number of deaths, males, 5, females 1, total, 6. Leaving at the close of the quarter 219 males and 82 females, or a total of 301 now under treatment. Most respectfully submitted. O. H. HAFFENTY, Visiting physician, Oregon Insane Asylum.

BRIEF NOTES.

The Columbia has arrived.

Kalberlah Rodgers is coming.

Spring seems to have come in good earnest.

The Oregon sailed yesterday morning on time.

International Good Templars will meet in Bethel Hall, corner of Third and H streets, this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Joe. Kohn returned by the Columbia yesterday.

Mr. Chas. G. Lord, business manager of the Katherine Rogers combination, arrived by the Columbia.

Mr. Lehman Blum came down from Pendleton last week and went below yesterday morning on business. His brother Leo remains in charge at Pendleton.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SALE OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—On account of the death of Dr. J. C. Hawthorne the stock of agricultural implements, Steel goods, wagons, etc., of Newberry, Hawthorne & Co., will be sold in lots to suit purchasers at prices far below such goods have been sold in this market. Terms cash, or approved security.

At last the verdict in the Kalloch-DeYoung case has been rendered, and now Uncle Myers lends money at a lower rate of interest than any one in Portland.

$500 SATIN DE LYON.—Mr. Litt received on the Oregon a Lavender Satin de Lyon from New York to make up into Evening Dress. Ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine the material. Due notice will be given when finished.

GOLD FISH! Gold Fish! Gold Fish! Just received one thousand Australia Gold Fish, at 25 per dozen, at S. L. Stowell, corner First and Ash.

Every spring is the time to take the celebrated Oregon Blood Purifier.

Mrs. J. L. Parrish, M. D., makes diseases of women and children a specialty. Office, rooms 2, 3, 4 and 5, over Parrish's drug store, 209 First street.

LADIES.—The best shoes for ladies, misses and children are made by Hallowell & Co., Utica, N. Y. Ask your dealer for them and take no other.

New lot of Goldfish, direct from the Island, at Palmer's Post-office Candy Store, Fifth and Morrison.

FOR SALE.—500 extra large fat mutton sheep for sale. Apply to Watson & Irvin, The Dalles, Or.

She smiles with satisfaction as she looks at the sewing machine returned from Barber's, 72 Yamhill.

Household furniture at Gilman & Co's, No. 42 First street.

NOTICE.

SETTLERS' HOMESTEAD.—I will appoint the 26th day of March, 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Holton House parlors, for the drawing of lots. Pay up. DAVID COLE, corner Salmon and First streets.

MILLINERY.
OPENING IN MARCH.
MRS. G. H. CLARKE.
Fourth and Columbia Streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

HARMONY MINSTRELS.—The performances given Saturday afternoon and evening by the Harmony Minstrels were very fairly patronized, and proved enjoyable. On both occasions very entertaining programmes were presented.

KATHERINE ROGERS.—This noted emotional actress leaves San Francisco on the "Shasta" tomorrow morning, and will open here at Mack's popular resort, a New Market Theater. The following well known names, the entire company from Dashaway theater, San Francisco, will support Miss Rogers during her engagement here: Miss Lillian Andrews, Miss Minnie Young, Miss Dungerie Liberty, Miss Della Seaver, Messrs. Joseph Arthur, Harry Lee, Al. D. Bader, Jay J. W. Jennings, Chas. Martin, Fred Eldon, Theodore Roberts, John McCormack, John Butler and David Belasco, stage manager. In justice to the people of this city, these names should be familiar to them, as all those hear at San Francisco, it is safe to assume that they will sound the same to strangers, which occupied the "board of drawers" at the Pine theater in 1866. In a conversation with a veteran play-goer, who saw this company in San Francisco in January, he said: "If there is a better general actress in America than Katherine Rogers, I don't know it. If you see her play Heather-ornelick in "The Knight Maker," you will agree with me. As for Belasco, he is the best ever brought here. Grismer is certainly a respectful actor, as I have said on the stage, and Lillian is Charley Thorne, to my mind. And as for Andrews, as a low comedian, you have to go out of the range of stock actors and look among the stars and his superior. With such stars as Forget-me-not and Daniel Rochat they are certain to draw as long as anybody, not boring John Bull."

Following is the repertoire: first week, Monday, "Miss Multon," Tuesday, "Hunchback," Wednesday, "Lost Astray," Thursday, "Daniel Rochat" Friday, "Oyrhanthe and Camilla," Saturday matinee and evening, "Forget-me-not." Second week, Monday, "Romeo and Juliet," Tuesday, "Hunchback" Wednesday, "Lady of Lyons" Thursday, "Original Mack," Friday, "Lesh," Saturday matinee, "Romeo and Juliet," evening, "Love Match."

PRIVATE MASQUERADE AT SALEM.

Mr. Abe McCully, son of Hon. and Mrs. L. A. McCully, of Salem, entertained his friends on Friday evening last with a private masquerade party at their elegant residence in that city. There were a large number in attendance, although not a very large number were in costume. The following list enumerates all the merry makers present, together with the characters assumed by each:

Miss Thurston	Diana, Crawford
Fantastic Girl	Vina Byrne
Twin Sisters	Lena Wright, Alice Hartness
Butterfly	Lizzie Waters
Bluebell	Lewis Rowland
Rainbow Girl	Cora Cox
Flower Girl	Allie Monroe
Butterfly	Blanche Bell
Sailor Girl	Lizzie Riley
Old Joe	Will Holman
Gentleman	Jack Patton
Sailor Boy	Fred Kelly
Page	Frank Dearborn
Monsieur Blanc	Abe McCully
Georges Washington	Frank Durbin
Lapplander	George Wright
D'Leary	Chas Riley
Tramp	Sherman Thompson
Prince Carnival	Frank Waters
Knight Red Stocking	Percy Willis
Sambo	Jay Smith

It proved a very pleasant affair throughout, and will be long remembered by the young people present.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

DEEDS.

A T Dunbar and wife to H S Stone, March 12, 93 acres in secs 26, 27, 34, and 35, T 1 N, R 3 E—$465.

Hester Ann Dunbar et al to H S Stone, March 12, 5 5/8 acres in secs 25, 27, 34 and 35, T 1 N, R 1 E—$70.

Hester Ann Dunbar et al to F S Stone, 60 acres in secs 26, 27, 34 and 35, T 1 N, R 3 E—$1.

J H Carey and wife to F A Dunbar, March 19, 87, lots 5 blk 76, Tibbetts' add, East Portland—$150.

C F Bright to Mary A Bragg, March 19, '81, lot 4 acres in sec 1, T 1 N, R 1 W, sec 3 T 1 N, R 1 W, and sec 31, T 2 N, R 1 W—$1.

W D Welch and wife to Donald Mackay, Jan 31, '81, lot 7 blk 146, Couch—$500.

Bridget Childs and husband to Cecile Matthiet, March 2, '81, lots 7 and 8, blk 5, Stephens' East Portland—$775.

H Pittelson and wife to Barney O'Neill, March 19, 1881, blk 32, Wheeler's, East Portland—$1.

Geo Wills and wife to H Cole and wife, Feb 3, '81, 38 87-100 acres in secs 24 and 25, T 2 S, R 1 E—$25.

B Killin and wife to W S Ward, March 7, '81, W 53 feet lots 6 and 8, S ½ double blk 3—$1.

RIGHT OF WAY.

T Moffett to O R & N Co, March 11, '81, lots 2, 3, 4, sec 1, lots 1, 2, sec 36, T 2 N, R 1 W—$1.

Ira Dodson to O R & N Co, March 11, '81, lots 2, 3, 4, sec 35, lots 1, 2, 3, sec 36, T 2 N, R 1 E—$375.

RELEASE.

W Coyle to T J Robertson, May 8, '77, W ½ N W ¼, sec 14, and S W ¼, S W ¼ sec 11, T 1 N, R 2 E, and part sec 11, Lauderer's D L C—$300.

W Tibbetts to J H Curry, May 27, '78, lots 5, 6, blk 50, Tibbetts' add, E P—$150.

B F Paxton to T Rodgers and wife, Aug 19 '76, lot 10, blk 101, city—$300.

OUTGOING PASSENGERS.

The steamship Oregon sailed for San Francisco Sunday morning at 8 o'clock with the following:

Passengers	
O Stiles	C Bonelle
S Cowls	Jas Christ
Mrs Cowles and son	Mrs Sarah Butler
Mr Rosenblatt	J Jones
J Kelley	W H Robertson
J Barrett	James Evans
C D Meyer	A M Lewis
H J Brown and wife	Miss Addie Allen
Mrs A H Bergston	H Thorbault, wife & child
H M Wilson	S Platt
E Frank	T Kirkpatrick
S F Conrad	Max Bromby
A Meier	J S Fleming
W Wright	Stewart McClure
J Friedlander	J C Vail
A Russel	L Blum
W Zeigert	C Bodtich and wife
Mrs H M Prager	Mrs G H Johnson
Mrs Feechtmier & child	T L Johnson
L Prager	Simon Sutterbach
H Sternberg	S D Lake
N Ivers	Miss Alice Dilman
Mrs Killough	And 81 in steerage

THE HOTELS.

ST. CHARLES.

H H Rhodes, S F	Dr F E V Littaker, Prineville
Dr M R Littlefield, O R & N	R M Pollard, Prineville
S Cox	J W Meyers, Prineville
Jno Kelsey, Lake Co, Cal	J W Forsyth, Salem
Capt W H Taylor, Silverton	W H Benham, Dayton
H E Murray, S F	E F Weh, N Y
J S Wilson, S F	J H Neill, Coose Mills
Mat Harris, Dundee	T P Kane, S Portland
Ed S Edwards and wife, Corvallis	D S McBean, Chicago
Hon Wm Waldo, Salem	C M Fuchs, S F
Mr Campbell & wf, S F	P D Stewartzer and wife,
Mrs Geo Cogman, S F	Craig Sharpe, Jr, S F
S S Benson, Elk City, Nev	A L Jurlong & wf, Boston
W T Campbell & wf, Eugn City	Mrs A Sheahan, Pendleton
Miss Strahan, Pendleton	Miss Mary B Ish, S F
Vincent Delaney & wf, S F	Joseph Feldin & w, S F
Geo H Beach, St Helens	B C Harrison, Napa, Cal
J J Hunton, S F	E Blewett, Fremont, Neb
Ives Scoville, Oakland, Cal	F Isbell, Fremont, Neb
O Morley, Fremont, Neb	J S Dean, Sacramento
Wm C Steele, S F	B F Rankin, Dundee

TO BE ENLARGED.—"The Rural Spirit," the acknowledged agricultural and live stock paper of the North Pacific, will enter upon its third year in May next, and is to be enlarged to 16 pages. Subscription, $1 50.

"On trial," is what every gun store is; but the verdict rendered that Uncle Myers is the best and cheapest place in Portland for guns, jewelry, guns and pistols. Try him 131 First street.

Going to the delay in arrival of the steamer, the opening of H. M. Dell's new [illegible] Millinery Store is postponed to March 24th and 26th.

Notice what the Oregon Blood Purifier has to say.

A fine second-hand piano for sale at 92 Morrison St.

Eastern and Olympia oysters—Waller's, 81 First.

Holton House Restaurant.—First class table. Ladies' rooms. Three meal tickets for $21. Commercial travelers give us a call. D. TORNADO & CO.

Broken Candy 25c, Mixed Candy 25c, Fancy Mixed 40c lb, at Durner's Postoffice Candy Store, Fifth and Morrison.

Tried and found satisfactory—Go to Coffee and Meals at J. Prunder's, City Coffee House, 88 Second street.

Miss Kate O'Connor, the well known Dress Maker, can be found at Mirrielle's, 161 Third st.

For Weinhardt's bottled beer go to R. Knoll's, 151 Third street, opposite Masonic Temple.

Nice Sunday dinners for families and ladies served at the St. Charles Restaurant.

The leading music house north of San Francisco—D. W. Prentice & Co., Portland.

Pioneer Wood Yard foot of Morrison street. J. SOREN SEN.

Peter Wilhelm reigns supreme at the "Lone" in Portland.

Eastern Oysters by every steamer at Keith's.

A juicy steak or a chop at Wallis'.

Arion excels—23 Yamhill street.

OUR NEW NOVELTIES.

POLKA DOT SHIRTS in 4 colors;
FANCY SETS OF COLLARS and CUFFS;
NIGHT SHIRTS, Fancy Trimmed.
NEW STYLES IN NECK WEAR;
HANDKERCHIEFS in all the Latest Designs;
GLOVES and HOSIERY;
MERINO and FLANNEL UNDERWEAR.

Our CLOTHING stock must be seen. We have the LATEST STYLES in all qualities of goods.

Our HAT stock is complete. Over 20 NEW STYLES just opened, at

J. KOHN'S CLOTHING PALACE,
Cor. First and Morrison Sts.

THE ESMOND,
FIRSTCLASS HOTEL.
RESTAURANT the Best in the city.
J. H. BRENNER, Prop'r.
Elevator and all modern improvements.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
149 First, Portland, Or.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,
SILVER WARE,
CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.

OREGON PRESBYTERY.

Wednesday Evening.

ALBANY, March 16.

The evening's session of the Presbytery was presided over with a very clear and forcible sermon by Rev. S. W. Hill, of Salem, Text, Isaiah L. 10. The speaker depicted the various causes of a lapse in religion, and pointed out the true exemplar to success.

Rev. Mr. Dunning, the Moderator, in the chair, announced for the reading of church narratives and statistical reports, as required each fall session, and narratives and reports of the entire Presbytery for the session or official year of each church.

The stated clerk presented the narrative of condition of religion in the church at Portland, as prepared by Rev. Dr. Lindsley. This was a very full and satisfactory account of how the good cause is at work in that city. Besides the regular means of grace, there had been a daily noon-day prayer-meeting and special service for the Chinese, both of these movements seem to reveal much encouragement. The Plymouth people cordially co-operate with other churches, as in local union Sabbath-schools, and in the monthly concert of prayer for missions. Mr. Lindsley was requested to read the narrative at the next session, to be prepared by Rev. J. H. Wilbur. A Welsh Mission, with a church and Sabbath-school, is also carried on in Portland. Rev. Mr. Jones, the missionary, is a native of Wales, and has been engaged in this work for some time. The church has 22 members, and takes the name of Hope Church.

Rev. George Rose reported for mission [illegible] Rev. Mr. Powell, of Albany, and Rev. Mr. Brownell, of Portland, and Rev. Mr. Dunning, of Salem, also spoke in behalf of the mission. Rev. Mr. Brownell was the first missionary sent to Oregon by the Presbyterian church.

The report of the committee on narratives of the several sessions and boards was presented by Rev. Mr. Adams, and adopted. The report of the committee on statistics was presented by Rev. Mr. Powell, and adopted.

The report of the committee on [illegible] was presented by Rev. Mr. Powell, and adopted.

Rev. J. H. Wilbur, D. W. Hibbard, Elder S. S. Parker appointed to take charge of Communion.

On motion synod was requested to change certain [illegible] and Rev. H. K. Hines was appointed to represent the Presbytery.

The evening was spent in devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. H. K. Hines.

The meeting was characterized by much enthusiasm. Many prayer-meetings will be held.

At the close of the session the special committee having in charge the report of the presbyterial missionary and that of the executive committee, reported recommending that the presbytery urge the [illegible] to consider the propriety of establishing a permanent presbyterial missionary [illegible] to labor within the bounds of this presbytery, and that the [illegible] of this presbytery on [illegible] to this work at our spring and fall meetings.

With regard to the Alaska mission, both the committee and Rev. Mr. Powell, who has lately visited Alaska, stated that it was impossible to do anything in the way of missionary work in that country at present, and that the [illegible] should be withdrawn from the field.

The committee on [illegible] reported that the [illegible] Presbyterian interests [illegible] Rev. Mr. Powell, of Albany, and Rev. Mr. Dunning, of Salem, [illegible] Rev. Mr. Powell was appointed to [illegible] Rev. Mr. Dunning to the

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1881.

WHERE WAITEST THOU?

Where waitest thou,
Lady I am in love? Thou comest not;
Thou knowest of my sad and lonely lot;
I looked for thee ere now!

It is the May!
And each sweet sister soul hath found its brother:
Only we two seek fondly each the other,
And, seeking, still delay.

Thou art as I—
Thy soul doth wait for mine, asmine for thee;
We cannot live apart; must meeting be
Never before we die?

Dear soul, not so:
That time doth keep for us some happy years,
That God hath portion'd out our sunshine and tears,
Thou knowest and I know.

Yes, we shall meet!
And therefore let our searching be the stronger;
Dark days of life shall not divide us longer,
Nor death, nor danger, sweet!

Therefore I bear
This winter-tide as bravely as I may,
Patiently waiting for the bright-spring day
That cometh with thee, dear.

'Tis the May light
That crimsons all the quiet college gloom.
May it shine softly in thy sleeping-room;
And so, dear wife, good night.

SIXTEEN OLD MAIDS.

Bosworth was a nice little village of some 500 inhabitants, and boasted of three churches—Congregational, Baptist and Methodist—while a handful of Unitarians gathered occasionally at the town hall, and a few Adventists, to worship. The three first mentioned societies were as distinct from each other as black is from white. Not only were they not on visiting terms with each other, but the three stores showed that they did not even trade together. The oldest inhabitant could not remember when this was not so; but the time had come for a revolution, and with this our story has to do.

Miss Betsy Bailey, an elderly maiden lady, was sitting alone in her quiet home, when all at once she broke out with:

"Well, I do declare. Here we be a living alone in this heathenish way year after year, and we consider ourselves christians. It's a shame that 500 people can't live together in harmony when so many of us are church members."

The cat, which was sleeping quietly in Miss Betsy's lap, jumped down and ran to the further end of the room, for Miss Betsy had gesticulated in that direction in such a manner as to inflict quite a rap upon the sleeping tabby.

"Well, I declare," said Miss Betsy, "if I didn't get so eloquent that I scared the cat. I think I must have been born for a female orator."

After this she sat back in the chair, apparently asleep, but she was not; her mind was busy over a plan which she meant to put into immediate operation. It was very late that night when she came to a final decision, and of course she must wait till morning before she could begin. So excited had she become over the matter that it was long past midnight before she retired, and then it was not to sleep.

Early next morning she called on her most intimate acquaintance and neighbor, Miss Sarah Jenkins.

"Sarah, I've got a notion, and it is so seldom that I am ever troubled with such a thing that I had to come right over and tell you before I lost it. Do you feel able this morning to grasp one of the grandest, noblest and brightest ideas the world has ever pondered on?"

"Why, Betsy, for land's sake, don't scare a body to death. You are not going to set the river afire, are you?"

"Not quite so bad as that, I hope, but if we don't turn this town upside down in three months my name isn't Betsy."

"We? I hope you don't mean to include me in this great scheme."

"But I do. You are the very one I want for my right-hand man."

The idea of an old maid like me lending aid to the noblest, grandest—"

"Hold on, Sarah, don't repeat that sentence, please; the very walls have ears, and I would not have a word of this get out for the world. All you've got to do is to listen to me, and when you've heard my story you'll agree with me to the letter; if you don't I won't ask you to help me a bit. Just hand me your knitting and I'll knit and talk; I was in such a hurry to get here this morning that I forgot my work. I don't talk, though, unless I am doing something."

Betsy then proceeded to lay the scheme before her friend, who, when she had concluded, not only agreed to help her but offered some very valuable suggestions. So eager were they with their plans that the noon hour slipped by and 3 o'clock came before either of them thought of dinner.

Next morning Betsy and Sarah were again together, this time prepared for a walk. Both these ladies were Congregationalists, and many of their neighbors were surprised to see them stop at the house of Eliza Simmons one of the staunchest sisters of the Methodist persuasion. It couldn't have been over an hour before the town was alive with the news.

The other dox was shocked, the Methodists opened their eyes in wonder, while the Baptists stood aloof in dignified silence. For one whole day people talked of nothing but this breach of sectarian etiquette. The next day they had something else to talk about.

These three ladies, in company with Margaret Stiles, another Methodist sister, called upon the West sisters, Mary and Martha, two of the leading ladies of the Baptist society. They not only called, but they stayed all the forenoon and took dinner.

This was on Saturday. On Sunday those six ladies occupied Miss Bailey's pew at the Congregational church. The little flock was so astonished that they paid but little attention to the sermon, and the minister went home with the feeling that not a dozen people in the whole congregation could tell what his text was.

Bosworth was now in a state of intense excitement. Such a thing had never happened before. Many of the Congregationalists called on Miss Betsy and on Miss Sarah, but all they could find out was that the ladies went with them by special invitation.

On Thursday night the six ladies attended class meeting at the Methodist vestry. Not only that, Miss Jenkins and Miss Martha Stiles both took a part in the meeting.

What was to be done? Something, certainly, for this state of things could not exist long. The Baptists visited the Misses Stiles, but all the information they could get was that they went to both places by invitation, and that Martha felt moved to speak at the latter, and did so. And the Baptists were no wiser for having called on the erring sisters.

The next Tuesday saw more mixing of the sects, and Monday night there was a gathering at Miss Betsy's residence of all the ladies engaged in the conspiracy. Sixteen ladies were present, and—was it chance?—all were maiden ladies of fifty years and over. From this time forward there was a great intimacy between these ladies. In vain they tried to induce others to join them; at the end of three months their band still numbered only sixteen.

Betsy and Sarah talked the matter over, and concluded to open another chapter of their plan. They were disappointed in only getting sixteen ladies to join them; in fact, that was nearly double the number they had hoped to get in at the beginning.

A few days later a notice appeared on the door of the Baptist store to the effect that it had been sold to Miss Betsy Bailey. About the same time one appeared on the Congregationalist store, saying it had been sold to Miss Sarah Jenkins. Both stores were closed, and the people had to go to the only remaining store in town—the Methodist—if they would buy anything.

Both the ladies then called on the Methodist brother, and he readily agreed to take all the goods from the other stores if he could thereby get the whole trade of the town. He knew from bitter experience that one store was all the town could support, and he at once began to help the ladies in their scheme, though he was totally unaware of the part he was taking, looking only at the fact that he could make money by the change. This plan of the ladies was a partial success, for the inhabitants all right into this arrangement because they could not help it.

Still they would not visit or attend any but their own church; and three months more passed and still only the sixteen maiden sisters belonged to the visiting company. So chapter number three was opened.

One morning the train brought to the village a very pretty young lady and four large trunks. Such a thing was not a common occurrence, and the depot loungers soon spread the news, stating also that Miss Bailey was there to meet her, and that the young lady called her auntie. It soon came out who she was, and it was rumored that her stay in Bosworth might be permanent.

She was the daughter of Miss Bailey's sister, who had died when Rosie was only four years old. Miss Bailey claimed the child then, but the father wished her to remain with his folks, and Miss Bailey was, of course, forced to give up her claim for the child. Her father was now dead and she had to come to live with her Aunt Betsy, whom she had always loved as a mother. At first she was rather lonely, but when Monday night came, and with it the meeting of the sixteen nascent maidens, she had enough to think of. She was of course admitted to the council, and was much amused at the state of society. When the meeting adjourned she said to her aunt:

"Don't the young people visit?"

"Not outside of the denominations to which they belong."

"Didn't a Baptist ever marry a Methodist or something of that sort?"

"Not within the memory of the oldest inhabitant."

"I don't see how it is possible that a town can survive with such goings on," said Miss Rose, more to herself than to her aunt.

"We don't survive, we merely exist. The town has been worse than dead ever since I have been here, and we maiden ladies have been trying to do something to improve it."

"I think, auntie, you have done well; but you have started at the wrong end. Let me try and help you."

"Certainly you can. I have hoped ever since I got your letter that you would help us in some way when you came. Do whatever you wish, and I will lend all the aid in my power."

Rosie did not unfold her plan to her aunt, but at once began to carry it out. The next Sunday saw her at the Congregational church, dressed in the most becoming manner, and everyone pronounced her the prettiest girl they had ever seen. After church she went to the Sunday school, learning the names of all the young gentlemen and ladies near her own age. Next Sunday she was at the Baptist church, attending both church and Sunday school. And the next was devoted to the Methodist society.

Then there was a stir. Miss Rosie Anderson was going to give a party at her aunt's (Miss Bailey's) residence, and had sent notes of invitation to all the young people of the town, without regard to sect. The invitations were given out a month before the day of the party, so that everyone had a chance to talk it over, as Rosie said, and get their minds made up.

The Sunday following the giving out of the invitations, the soprano at the Baptist church was sick, and the fact not being known until nearly time for meeting, no one could be found to sing. Rosie was present, and when she heard of the difficulty, volunteered to sing for them. The leader gladly accepted her offer, not stopping to think what the good people would say when they saw a Congregationalist in their choir.

When they arose to sing the opening piece, Rosie stood up in full sight of the congregation. The minister looked horrified, while deacons covered their faces with their hands to think that the Baptists should get so low as to allow a Congregationalist to sing in the sanctuary. But when she sang the solo that fell to her the hands dropped from the faces of the deacons, and the expression of the minister's face changed to one of extreme pleasure. Rosie was a beautiful singer, and as her voice rang out clear and soft, the organist forgot to play, so enrapt was she in the singer, and Rosie carried the part through without the aid of the organ. Never before had any of them heard such a voice and they could hardly wait for the time to come for her to sing again that day, but when she came down from the gallery the minister took her by the hand, and said:

"Miss Anderson, you have contributed much to the good of the services of the afternoon and I am much obliged to you for it."

"You are certainly welcome, Mr. Bush. I think that when anyone has talents they should be used for the benefit of all who may need them."

"My idea of it, exactly," said the minister, and the two walked out of the church and down the street together. Meeting Miss Bailey near her residence, Mr. Bush was introduced to her and complimented her upon having such a pleasant and accomplished young lady in her family; he hoped that he might have the pleasure of seeing both the ladies present occasionally at his church.

Rosie sang again at the Baptist church, the next Sunday, as the regular singer was no well enough to attend. When she rose in her seat she had the satisfaction of seeing many Methodists and Congregationalists in the audience, and, although she felt a certain pride in thinking that they came to hear her sing, she felt happier at the thought that she was to be the means of carrying out her aunt's scheme.

That evening the Methodists had a Sunday school concert, and Rosie played their organ. She was now on the best of terms with all the young people of the village, and had no doubt that her party would be a success.

And it was. More than fifty were in attendance, which included every young lady and gentleman in town. Aunt Betsy outdid herself in preparing the supper. Everything was perfect, even the ice cream from the city, which was a great luxury to the villagers.

At twelve o'clock the party broke up, and Rosie, by her manœuvring, sent several Methodist maidens home with Baptist beaux, and otherwise mixed up the sects and sexes at her will.

A few days after the party Miss Bailey was surprised to receive a visit from Mrs. Bush, wife of the Baptist minister. They spent a very pleasant hour together when they were interrupted by Mrs. Deacon Wilson, of the Methodist church, and both ladies remained to tea. The ice was now broken, and calling between the different sects was as common as though it was not a new thing for Bosworth.

Everything now working to Rosie's satisfaction, she had time to think of her own affairs. When she came to Bosworth she was in no means a happy girl. Her father was a very strict man, and a young gentleman to whom she was quite partial had not found favor in his eyes, much to the mutual grief of the young people. Her father's sickness had been quite long, and so close was her application that the time of his death that she had no room for Edward Bentley, nor did she see him before she came to Bosworth. She had written to her acquaintances, but they only knew that he had graduated from college and gone away.

About this time, Mr. Bush's health failing, he asked for a year's vacation, agreeing to fill the pulpit during his absence. This leave was, of course granted, and the congregation were waiting anxiously for the new minister. All they knew was that he was a young man, and came from a church in the city of Allison, where he was a colleague of the Rev. Dr. Howland, one of the most eminent preachers of the Baptist persuasion. Of course they expected something of more than ordinary ability, nor were they disappointed.

But with the sermon we have nothing to do. They wished to make a good impression upon the minister, so Rosie was sought out and invited to sing for them. With her usual good nature she accepted. Her position was such that she could not see the minister from where she sat, but when the choir rose to sing she found herself standing face to face with Edward Bentley.

To say that she was surprised would not half express her feelings. She turned first white, then red, and finally sank back into her seat, powerless to sing a note.

The minister, of course, knew nothing of this little affair of the gallery for the singers went on with the anthem after a moment's hesitation, and by the time they came to the solo, which Rosie was to sing, she was ready to go on with her part. As her voice rang out clear and soft, a look of startled surprise was noticed on the minister's face, and a few, at least, of the congregation were aware that something extraordinary happened. Rosie, now quite calm, sang her solo sweetly to the end, but when the minister arose to read the opening exercises some thought they observed a slight tremor in his voice. Only one in the congregation knew why there was such an earnestness in the prayer that was offered for the bringing together of friends long separated—most of them thinking he had reference to the long separation of the churches of the town.

When the services were ended he hurried from the pulpit and met Rosie as she came down from the gallery. There was a greeting that rather surprised those of the congregation who saw it, but a few words of explanation from the pastor set their minds right, and before night the whole town knew that Rosie was the affianced wife of Edward Bentley, the new Baptist minister, and that it was a love affair of long standing.

Everybody went to the wedding, which was in the Congregational church, and everybody went to the reception at Miss Bailey's, which was the grandest affair Bosworth had ever known.

At the end of the year Rosie bade farewell to the little town to go to her city home. But even she, so far distant from the little village, will ever have pleasant memories of the assistance she gave in the religious revolution of Bosworth, through the enterprise of sixteen old maids.

Gold and Stock Reports.
SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.

Wheat—The market (just) got to be active to-day as yesterday, shippers' wants being met so promptly. Among sales not reported yesterday were the following: 125 tons choice to extra choice milling, $1 45; 200 tons good shipping, $1 40. Some small lots choice to extra choice milling sold to-day at $1 45. We quote extra choice shipping at $1 42½.

Barley—Sale of a car due good brewing reported at $1 17½. We quote the market at previous rates.

Oats—Choice Humbo dt sold Monday at $1 40; fair Washington, $1 35. The market is firm at full prices.

Rice—China mixed in market stronger. Higher, $5 90@6 05 asked; Island rice is lower, quoted at $5 75.

Bags—Hand served, the market is steady; 8½c asked for June; 9c for July delivery.

Salmon—There is a demand for new. About 75,000 cases have been placed—2,000 at $1 15 here, and balance at same price or over. A sale of 6500 cases Columbia river salmon, spot, made at $1 20, including rebate. The market hinges on freights.

Butter—Market is weak and prices favor buyers; quote at 25@26c.

Eggs—The market is steady at a decline; quoted at 18@20c.

Freights—Wheat, 1000@0 ctls, including 65,000 aboard ship; flour, 2300 sacks; oats, 1160 ctls; potatoes, 2500 sks; eggs, 11,500 doz.

Weather—Foggy; wind northwest. The eastern news in trouble near Omaha; dispatches coming through irregularly.

CHARTERS.

Bktn Baglan Castle 1095 tons, wheat, Cork U. K., 30s 3d, four lay days; am ship Samuel Watts, 1603 tons, wheat, Liverpool, 35s; Hamburg for Antwerp, 7s 6d, Cork for orders, 7s 6d.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, March 19.

Wheat—Unsettled; $1 18@1 24.
Flour—Steady.
Barley—Dull and nominal.
Wool—Dull.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, March 19.

Wheat—Excited and lower; $1 06 April.
Pork—Dull and lower; $15 37½.
Lard—Weaker; $10 57½ bid; 10 60 asked.
Ribs—Dull; $7 75.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

New York, Mar. 19.—Sterling exchange, prime bankers' long, $4 81½; short, $4 84; good commercial, from 183¾ lower; documentary, 35¼ lower.

Silver bullion 1000 fine for fineness, opened 117¾; U. S. Bonds—5s of '81, 101½; 4½s, 113½; 4s, 113¾. Closed—5s of '81, 101½; 4½s, 113½; 4s, 113¾.

London, Mar. 19.—Console, 99 15-16 money; 100 1-16 account.

Silver bullion, English standard, per fine ounce, 925 fine, 52.

SATURDAY, March 19.

We know of one transaction to-day at $1 01 per cental. The market is stronger, resulting from European reports of the past few days.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Provision Trade of Last Week—Range of Prices.

Chicago, March 19.—Grain has traveled several smart steps upward since the last weekly review, and now stands at good, strong prices. This is due more to the unreasonable and uncompromising weather than to any particular cause of strength from other influences. In fact there are more reasons for a decline than for an advance, always excepting the ever present and ever uncertain factor, the weather. It is difficult for the agricultural or speculative mind to witness unmoved the spectacle of broad farms under water or under snow, and hence it is almost an invariable rule that threatening weather is a bull argument, and the weather has been rough and stormy enough for four months to gratify the most ardent bull. If a warm and balmy spring should ensue there is no telling how great a depression there would be in the cereals.

Provisions have been pretty strong, and although somewhat weak at the close there is no demoralization and will not be so long as hogs come as slowly as now, though European nations continue to cut off their own noses by prohibiting imports.

Sales for the week of May option were made as follows: Wheat, $1 01½@1 03, corn, 41¾@43½c; oats, 33½@33¾c; pork, $15 50@15 97½; lard, 10 75@10 90; whisky was steady at $1 06.

Closing May prices: Wheat, $1 03; corn, 43¾@43½c, oats, 34½@34¾c; pork, $15 50; lard, $10 70.

Closing cash prices: Wheat, $1 02½, for regular and $1 04½ for fresh on which no storage has accrued; corn, 38¾@40c; oats, 30½@32c; rye, 98c@$1; barley, $1 05@1 05; pork, $15 40; lard, $10 55.

Receipts for the week: Wheat, 191,000 bu; corn, 709,000 bu; oats, 332,000 bu.

Shipments: Wheat, 116,000 bu; corn, 737,000 bu; oats, 281,000 bu.

Receipts same time last year: Wheat, 247,000 bu; corn, 1,451,000 bu; oats, 144,000.

Shipments: Wheat, 245,000 bu; corn, 1,232,000 bu; oats, 260,000 bu.

THE EASTERN FREIGHT SITUATION.

New York, March 19.—There is no improvement to note in the case rate to California. Both lines have ships in berth and are doing fairly, yet there is no great rush. Shippers, however, are inclined to hold back, many hoping that new overland roads will be able to make rates against all roads, and thus enable shippers to forward freight that otherwise would go by rail. However, it is not probable that the new route will make any special rates for some time yet, or until they are in good working order. Rates are firm, many old contracts are running out and the disposition of agents is to advance rather than to cut.

Johnson's freightsare dull, as railroad agents hold rates up to the overland tariff and only two steamers for certain rough and coarse goods that cannot pay overland contract rates.

At Boston there is considerable freight offered and VanVleck deems it advisable to put on a ship instead of bringing freight to this port. The ship Brown Bros. is due there and she will probably take berth for San Francisco. Railroad freights at Boston are fairly active, shipments for the past week including 843 packages fish, 100 ca nned goods, 100 ca yeast powder, 50 ca sugar of lemon, 50 bxs tin plate and 703 kgs horseshoes.

At Philadelphia the market is quiet, in fact so slow that considerable freight has been sent to this port for shipment.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, March 19.—There has been a considerable movement in merchantable cotton, but chiefly of a speculative character. Although legitimate transactions have been quite large, the most noteworthy event has been a renewed speculative movement in breadstuffs, though in the close wheat showed some weakness.

Barley—Slow demand; prices rather easier.
Pork and Lard—Dull, unchanged.
Rio Coffee—Quiet, but steady.
Refined Sugars—Fair demand and prices steady.
Teas—Firm, prices nominal.
Rosins—Moderate demand; steady.
Prunes—Very firm at 9@9½c for new.
Figs—Firm, owing to moderate supply.
Currants—Fair demand, firm at 5½@6c.
Borax—Steady demand; California, 12½@13½c.
Quicksilver—Slow, 41½@42½.
Hides—Quiet, owing to extreme views of holders.
Leather—Very good demand; prices steady.
Turpentine—Weak.
Rosin—Very quiet; prices firm.
Petroleum—Dull; crude, quiet and steady.
Beans—Firm but not active.
Hardware—Better demand; prices steady. Nails dull and easier. Pig iron, better demand; firm. Pig lead, more active; common, $4 70@4 75. Tin plate, dull; prices irregular.
Wool—Very dull; prices lower; nominal sales 25,000 lbs spring California at 30c; 2500 lbs choice northern, 31c; 100 bales fleece, private.
Dry Goods—Good demand and prices steady.

Prices at Chicago.

Chicago, March 19.—Wheat—Stronger, $1 02½@1 03 cash; $1 02½ April; $1 04½ May.

Corn—Firm, higher; 40½ fresh cash; 39½c April; 40½ bid May and June.

Oats—Firm, 30½ spot cash; 30½c April; 30¾c May.

Rye—Unchanged.

Barley—Unchanged.

Whisky—Unchanged.

Pork—Weak; lower; $15 25 cash; $15 40 April; $15 60 May.

Lard—Weak; lower; $10 52½ cash; $10 57½ April; $10 70 May.

The San Francisco Tonnage Situation.

San Francisco, March 19.—But one set of charters have been reported during the week, and there has been fair inquiry for tonnage. It is evident that ships are held with great tenacity. For the present the tonnage situation is strongly in favor of ships, as the fleet under engagement is leading rapidly, and discouraging tonnage in port is light and there are very few ships due. The English market also shows improvement, but thus far wheat has obtained the benefit of this advance in large sales here or one lively shows. Two vessels have been reported during the week as chartered to load at Wilmington. That port has become quite a shipping point for wheat, and another year of exports direct from southern ports will force quite an item in our grain list. Several vessels are now on the way to Wilmington with cargoes of coal, and undoubtedly most of them will load back from that port with wheat cargoes. Here charterers are not facing with caution, and do not appear disposed to pay rates asked, which accounts for the light business transacted. Under these circumstances it is impossible to give accurate quotations.

Money and Stocks.

New York, March 19.—Silver bars, 1114; money easy, 5@6; governments quiet, steady, closed firm. W. F. 114¾; Quicksilver 19; Pacific 67½; Mariposa, 4; Wells, Fargo 117; New York Central, 144; Erie, 47½; Panama, 230; Union Pacific, 112¾; bonds, 113½; Central Pacific, 86; bonds, 113; Sutro, 12.

London, March 19.—Consols, 99 15-16; Erie, 49½.

Petroleum.

New York, March 19.—Petroleum—Quiet; United Pipe, 82½; crude, 6½@8.

Shipping Intelligence.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Queenstown, March 7.—Sailed—Br ship Hacchus, San Francisco.

Shanghai, March 16.—Sailed—Schr La Gironde, San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 19.—Arrived—Ship Dashing Wave, Tacoma.

Sailed—Br bk Silas Curtis, Cork. P. O., bktn Ella, Honolulu; bktn Melancthon, Columbia river.

Queenstown, March 18.—Arrived—Br ship Cormorant, San Francisco; br bk Colinda, San Francisco; br bk Bellona, Portland.

Liverpool, March 18.—Sailed—Am ship Wm. H. Conner, Wilmington, Cal.; Am ship Three Brothers, Wilmington, Cal.; Am ship James Howes, San Francisco.

Seattle, March 19.—Arrived—Br Whistler, San Francisco.

Port Townsend, March 19.—Sailed—Schr Eva, San Pedro.

Astoria, March 20, 9:40 P. M.—Oregon arrived down at 7 P. M. Crossed out 4:30.

Weather—Cloudy, wind west.

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always Cures and never Disappoints. The world's great Pain-Reliever for Man and Beast. Cheap, quick and reliable.

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WEI BE MEYER'S CATARRH Cure, a Constitutional Antidote for this terrible malady, by Absorption. The most important Discovery since Vaccination. Other remedies may relieve Catarrh, this cures at any stage before Consumption sets in.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE.

San Francisco, March 18.

MORNING BOARD.

60 Ophir	$ 30	100 Hecrion	$ 1 10
20 B & B	60	50 G Gate	1
50 Chal	90c	100 S Silver	25c
45 Savage	3 50@3 50	5 Eureka	27½
450 Potosi	2 00@2 05	100 Belmont	35c
25 G & C	83½	10 N Belle	13½
50 Mexican	4 15	200 Prince	95c@1c
100 H & N	2 00	1500 Navajo	1 25@1 10
250 Point	10 @1 20	2225 Bay	1 30c
150 Jacket	2 45	555 Alpha	1 20@1
100 Imperial	1 00	150 Wales	1 10@
50 Belcher	11 00@11 50	1070 Mt Potosi	30c
15 Alpha	2 40	20 Mt Diablo	5½
10 Confidence	2 55	200 Columbus	1
1800 S Nev	6½@6 60	85 Belle	1½
10 Fish	65½	10 Bulwer	1½
750 Bullion	30@25	200 Concordia	10@2 10
40 Sag Belcher	1 00@5	40 Plaga	50c
275 Exchequer	85@	100 Belvidere	30c
10 Potosi	1 15	120 Monitor	30c
750 Overman	30@25c	115 Con Pac	75@80c
25 Con Va	1 85	400 Jupiter	95@1 00
50 Justice	40c	50 Newsday	1 90
25 Union	1 00@1 05	100 N Nonday	1 50@1 20
25 Alta	1	850 Ore	85@90c
100 S Hill	25c	50 Tip Top	2½
200 Andes	1 75@1 80	25 Pride	1c
10 Ward	1 85	5 King	2½

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DR. BRENAN WILL GUARANTEE TO CURE any form of Disease of the generative organs or private diseases. He has become an expert in the treatment of disease, weakness and derangement of the reproductive organs of both male and female, including diseases caused by the

FOLLIES OF YOUTH,

such as SPERMATORRHŒA, or SEMINAL WEAKNESS, of LOSS OF PERFECT VITALITY. Nearly two-thirds of all the chronic diseases quoting, either directly or indirectly, from some derangement of the sexual system, and yet the subject is neglected by the majority of the Medical Profession.

I have found that unfortunate enough to be afflicted by any form of sexual disease have a delicacy in calling upon the proper physician in time from a sense of modesty and sometimes from ignorance and permit the disease to run until the most fearful complications become corrupted, their organizations broken down and the hope of future happiness blighted, until death becomes a welcome messenger to carry them out of their miserable existence.

Everything strictly confidential under all circumstances.

Lost manhood perfectly restored. Catarrh, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, and all Diseases of the Eye and Ear, Stomach and Bladder, he can cure without fail.

Consultation Free, and a list of printed questions sent to those living at a distance who cannot consult him personally, inclose postage stamp for list.

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Try it once, and you will esteem it highly as a safe, pleasant, and effective remedy.

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NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE PORTLAND Seaman's Friend Society will be held at Yeon's, A. Lucas' Building, on Monday, April 11, 1881, at 2:30 P. M., for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary at the meeting of directors. By order. E. QUARLES BUSH, Secretary.

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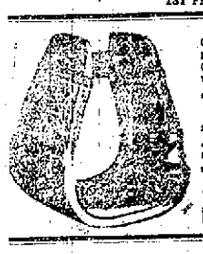

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LEAVE	ARRIVE
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Roseburg 7:00 A M	Portland 6:45 P M

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LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland 4:00 P M	Albany 7:30 P M
Albany 8:00 A M	Portland 11:30 A M

Freight Train.

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland 8:00 A M	Albany 5:00 P M
Albany 6:00 A M	Portland 3:00 P M

Westside Division.
FROM PORTLAND TO CORVALLIS.
Mail Train.

LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland 7:30 A M	Corvallis 5:30 P M